

# SAMPLE TEST PAPER 

## Class VII



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1. If two objects are in thermal equilibrium with each other
(1) they cannot be moving.
(2) they cannot be undergoing collisions.
(3) they cannot have different pressures.
(4) they cannot be at different temperatures.
2. 1 calorie is about
(1) 0.24 J
(2) 8.3 J
(3) 250 J
(4*) 4.2 J
3. The boiling point of liquid hydrogen is $-252.87^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is the value of this temperature in kelvins?
(1) 273 K
(2) 20.13 K
(3) -525.87 K
(4) 0 K
4. A cake has to be baked at a temperature of $350.6^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. What is this temperature on the Celsius scale?
(1) $162{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(2) $194{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(3) $177{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(4) $212{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
5. The temperatures of the two glasses of water are $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The difference in temperature of the two glasses of water is $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is their difference in temperature on the Kelvin scale?
(1) 30 K
(2) 243 K
(3) 86 K
(4) 303 K
6. How does a cyclone form?
(1) Warm air rises over warm ocean water and becomes less dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in a anticlockwise direction.
(2) Cool air rises over cool ocean water and becomes more dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in a clockwise direction.
(3) Warm air rises over cool ocean water and becomes less dense. Surrounding air begins to spin anticlockwise direction.
(4) Cool air rises over warm ocean water and becomes more dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in a clockwise direction.
7. Which one of the following place is unlikely to be affected by a cyclone?
(1) Chennai
(2) Mangaluru (Mangalore)
(3) Amritsar
(4) Puri
8. What happens as air has weight?
(1) Air lifts objects.
(2) Air pushes objects.
(3) Air drops objects.
(4) Air pulls objects.
9. What results from differences in air pressure?
(1) Rain
(2) Wind
(3) Humidity
(4) Evaporation
10. An anemometer is used to measure
(1) wind speed
(2) wind temperature
(3) wind direction
(4) wind pressure
11. If a particle moves from one point to another along a straight line at a constant speed, then
(1) Its velocity is constant
(2) Its velocity may be constant
(3) Its velocity cannot be constant
(4) No conclusion can be drawn about its velocity
12. Two bodies moving with same speed but in different directions will have
(1) Same velocities
(2) Different speed
(3) Same displacement
(4) Different velocities
13. A bus moves with a speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and covers a distance of 20 km . What is the total time taken by bus during the whole journery?
(1) 1 hour
(2) $2 / 3$ hour
(3) $1 / 4$ hour
(4) $1 / 2$ hour
14. Rate of distance travelled by the body is termed as
(1) Displacement
(2) Speed
(3) Velocity
(4) None of these
15. An object travels 20 m in 5 sec and then another 40 m in 5 sec . What is the average speed of the object?
(1) $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
16. A student made the circuit in the picture


What does the student need to add to the circuit to make it work?
(1) another bulb
(2) another wire
(3) another battery
(4) a switch
17. Which diagram best shows how electricity flows through a complete circuit?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

18. A fuse is placed in an electrical circuit to protect it from
(1) Over heating
(2) Over usage
(3) Over dosage
(4) Short circuit
19. MCBs are connected to the
(1) Neutral wire
(2) Earth wire
(3) Live wire
(4) None of these
20. Look at the picture of an electromagnet.


The strength of this electromagnet can be increased by
(1) increasing the amount of current.
(2) decreasing the number of coils in the wire.
(3) decreasing the amount of current.
(4) adding a light bulb and switch.
21. An incident ray strikes a plane mirror at an angle of $15^{\circ}$ with the mirror. The angle between incident ray and reflected ray is
(1) $15^{\circ}$
(2) $30^{\circ}$
(3) $150^{\circ}$
(4) None of these
22. Which of these correctly shows how light acts when it hits a mirror?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

23. In a plane mirror, the distance of an image is the
(1) same as that of the object
(2) greater than that of the object
(3) less than that of the object
(4) none of these
24. A rear-view mirror of a vehicle is designed to help the driver to see the area behind the vehicle. What kind of optical instrument is a rear-view mirror?
(1) plane mirror
(2) convex mirror
(3) concave mirror
(4) None of above
25. When white light passes through a prism,
(1) Red colour is deviated more than the violet colour.
(2) Violet colour is deviated more than the red colour
(3) Both are deviated by the same amount
(4) None of these
26. Which of the following terms is not related to silk production?
(1) Sericulture
(2) Shearing
(3) Caterpillar
(4) Pupa
27. Silk worms take :-
(1) 7 days to spin a cocoon
(2) 15 days to spin a cocoon
(3) 10 days to spin a cocoon
(4) One day to spin a cocoon
28. Wool bearing animals are :-
(1) Camel and Llama
(2) Alpaca and Vicuna
(3) Angora and Cashmere goat
(4) All of these
29. Which is the proper sequence in processing fibre into wool?
(1) shearing $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ rolling $\longrightarrow$ scouring
(2) shearing $\longrightarrow$ scouring $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ rolling
(3) sorting $\longrightarrow$ scouring $\longrightarrow$ rolling $\longrightarrow$ shearing
(4) scouring $\longrightarrow$ shearing $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ rolling
30. The silk produced in Brahmputra valley is called :-
(1) muga silk
(2) wild silk
(3) sheer silk
(4) both (1) and (2)
31. The acids which are obtained from the minerals present in Earth are called :-
(1) organic acids
(2) strong acids
(3) inorganic acids
(4) weak acids
32. The chemical formula of sulphuric acid is :-
(1) HCl
(2) $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
33. Which of the following acid is used for making soft drinks?
(1) Acetic acid
(2) Tartaric acid
(3) Carbonic acid
(4) Nitric acid
34. A teacher performed the following experiment in the class.

He took some clear lime water and added red litmus solution.
What is the conclusion of the above experiment?
(1) Red litmus remains red
(2) Red litmus turns yellow
(3) Red litmus turns green
(4) Red litmus turns blue
35. Milk of magnesia is
(1) $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$
36. Melting of wax is a $\qquad$
(2) decomposition reaction
(1) chemical change
(4) physical change
37. Which of the following is a chemical change?
(1) Formation of clouds
(2) Formation of rust
(3) Manufacture of milk powder from milk
(4) Formation of black coating on the walls of tube light
38. Change of milk to curd is a :-
(1) physical change
(2) chemical change
(3) both physical and chemical change
(4) neither physical nor chemical change
39. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?
(1) Iron and rust are same substance
(2) Rusting of iron is a chemical change
(3) Removal of rust from surface of iron is a chemical change
(4) All of these
40. Why rusting of iron is a chemical change?
(1) Because it changes its colour
(2) Because it makes iron powdery
(3) Because a new substance is formed
(4) None of these
41. Which of the following is mostly used as a drinking water source by us?
(1) Sea water
(2) Glaciers
(3) Ground water
(4) None of these
42. The chemical formula of ice is :-
(1) $\mathrm{H}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(4) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
43. The following type of water is not found in natural state :-
(1) river water
(2) well water
(3) distilled water
(4) rain water
44. When a drop of vinegar solution is put on the litmus paper, it turns :-
(1) red
(2) blue
(3) green
(4) yellow
45. The acid which is present in our stomach is :-
(1) Hydrochloric acid
(2) Sulphuric acid
(3) Nitric acid
(4) Acetic acid
46. When an ant bites, it injects some acids and cause inflammation. This can be treated by rubbing some baking soda on the affected area. Here the reaction involved is :-
(1) Redox Reaction
(2) Addition reaction
(3) Neutralisation reaction
(4) Both 1 and 3
47. Common salt is :-
(1) acidic
(2) basic
(3) neutral
(4) none of these
48. Which of the following is a natural indicator?
(1) China rose petal
(2) Turmeric
(3) Litmus
(4) All of these
49. Litmus is a natural indicator and is extracted from :-
(1) Spinach
(2) Berries
(3) Grapes
(4) Lichens
50. Milk of magnesia is :-
(1) Calcium hydroxide
(2) Magnesium hydroxide
(3) Sodium hydroxide
(4) Potassium hydroxide
51. In the figure, the two triangles are congruent. The corresponding parts are marked. We can write $\triangle \mathrm{RAT} \cong$ ?

(1) $\triangle \mathrm{WON}$
(2) $\triangle \mathrm{OWN}$
(3) $\triangle \mathrm{NWO}$
(4) $\triangle \mathrm{NOW}$
52. If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for one year at $9 \%$ rate p.a.. What is the sum she has borrowed?
(1) 1000
(2) 500
(3) 250
(4) 450
53. Find the product :
$\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$
(1) 1
(2) $\frac{-6}{35}$
(3) $-\frac{4}{5}$
(4) 2
54. Find the whole quantity if $70 \%$ of it is 14 minutes
(1) 40 minutes
(2) 12 minutes
(3) 20 minutes
(4) 75 minutes
55. A local cricket team played 20 matches in one season. It won $25 \%$ of them. How many matches did they win?
(1) 1
(2) 3
(3) 5
(4) 7
56. Which of the following pairs not represent the same rational number?
(1) $\frac{-7}{21}$ and $\frac{3}{9}$
(2) $\frac{-16}{20}$ and $\frac{20}{-25}$
(3) $\frac{-2}{-3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$
(4) $\frac{-3}{5}$ and $\frac{-12}{20}$
57. Find value of -20
(1) -20
(2) 20
(3) 0
(4) 1
58. One can of Juice contain 330 mililiters of Juice. How many litre of Juice in there in a pack of dozen can?
(1) 396 liters
(2) 39.6 liters
(3) 3.96 liters
(4) 0.396 liters
59. What is place value of 2 in the 21.37 decimal number?
(1) Ones
(2) Hunderdth
(3) Tens
(4) Thousandths
60. Multiply the fraction $6 \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9}$
(1) $\frac{224}{35}$
(2) $\frac{224}{45}$
(3) 224
(4) 45
61. Solve the equation :
$\frac{\mathrm{a}}{5}+3=2$
(1) -5
(2) +5
(3) -1
(4) +1
62. The sum of two consecutive even number is 86 the larger of two is :-
(1) 46
(2) 36
(3) 38
(4) 44
63. Find the range of height of any ten student of your class :
$125,127,132,133,134,136,138,141,144,146$
(1) 20
(2) 22
(3) 21
(4) 23
64. Find mean of first 5 whole numbers :-
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 3
(4) 4
65. The product of 3 integers is -600 . If two of them are -15 and +10 then find the third integer :-
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 3
(4) 4
66. A dice is rolled once what is the probability of rolling a multiple of 3 number ?
(1) $\frac{1}{3}$
(2) $\frac{1}{2}$
(3) $\frac{1}{6}$
(4) $\frac{5}{6}$
67. In statistics a suitable graph for companing the data easily is
(1) A for graph
(2) A pictograph
(3) A pic chart
(4) None of these
68. Is $x=-5$ is solution of $5 x=25$ ?
(1) Yes
(2) No
(3) Cant by determine
(4) None of these
69. Solve the equation :
$\frac{a}{5}+3=2$
(1) -5
(2) +5
(3) -1
(4) +1
70. The sum of two consecutive even number is 86 the larger of two is :-
(1) 46
(2) 36
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71. Find the range of height of any ten student of your class :
$125,127,132,133,134,136,138,141,144,146$
(1) 20
(2) 22
(3) 21
(4) 23
72. Find mean of first 5 whole numbers :-
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 3
(4) 4
73. Find the mode and median of the data :
$13,16,12,14,19,12,14,13,14$
(1) 14,14
(2) 13,13
(3) 13, 14
(4) 14,13
74. Find the value of :
$\frac{0.34-0.034}{0.0034 \div 34}$
(1) 0.306
(2) 306
(3) 3060
(4) 0.0306
75. The product of 3 integers is -600 . If two of them are -15 and +10 then find the third integer :-
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 3
(4) 4
76. A plant that has both autotrophic arid heterotrophic mode of nutrition.
(1) Cactus plant
(2) Rhizobmm
(3) Amarbel
(4) Pitcher plant
77. In me absence of which of me following will photosynthesis is not occur in leaves?
(1) Guard cells
(2) Chlorophyll
(3) Vacuole
(4) Space between cells
78. There are given some parts of digestive system, choose the odd one out
(1) Stomach
(2) Liver
(3) Pancreas
(4) Salivary gland
79. The enzyme present in the saliva convert
(1) Fats into fatty acids and glycerol
(2) Proteins into amino acids
(3) Starch into simple sugar
(4) Simple sugar into complex sugar
80. The removing of faecal matter through the anus is called-
(1) Digestion
(2) Egestion
(3) Absorption
(4) None of these
81. During the exhalation, the ribs-
(1) Move outwards
(2) Move downwards
(3) Move upwards
(4) Do not move at all
82. Which of the following organisms can respire anaerobically?
(1) Amoeba
(2) Paramecium
(3) Euglena
(4) Yeast
83. More energy is released in-
(1) Breaming
(2) Fermentation
(3) Anaerobic respiration
(4) Aerobic respiration
84. Muscular floor of the chest cavity is called-
(1) Diaphragm
(2) Trachea
(3) Bronchus
(4) Rib cage
85. Aquatic animals excrete cell waste mostly as
(1) ammonia
(2) oxygen
(3) carbon dioxide
(4) nitrogen
86. The number of heart beats per minute is called-
(1) pulse rate
(2) throbbing
(3) beating
(4) none of these
87. The absorption of nutrients and exchange of respiratory gases between blood and tissues take place in
(1) veins
(2) arteries
(3) heart
(4) capillaries
88. The processes of removal of waste materials from the bodyis called
(1) digestion
(2) excretion
(3) respiration
(4) inhalation
89. Which of the following is an effect of sweat on me human body?
(1) It causes cooling.
(2) It causes heating.
(3) It causes freezing.
(4) It causes melting.
90. Asexual reproduction takes place through budding in -
(1) Potatoes
(2) Yeast
(3) Ferns
(4) Spirogyra
91. Which of the following is not a vegetative part of a plant.
(1) Stem
(2) Leaves
(3) Flowers
(4) Roots
92. Roseplant is grown by -
(1) Leaf cutting
(2) Stem cuftms
(3) Seed
(4) Root cutting
93. In which of the following plants buds are present on the margins of leaves?
(1) Bryophyllum
(2) Touch me not
(3) Chandan
(4) Coriander
94. Which factor influences soil formation?
(1) Climate
(2) Vegetation
(3) Microorganism
(4) All of these
95. In which horizon of soil minerals are found?.
(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) None
96. Which of the following has smallest size soil particles ?
(1) Gravel
(2) Silt
(3) Clay-
(4) Sand
97. Nights in deserts are much cooler because
(1) humidity becomes high
(2) sand cools down faster
(3) wind blows vigorously
(4) it rains at night
98. Elements of weather are
(1) temperature
(2) humidity
(3) rainfall'
(4) all of these
99. Which kind of plants generally constitute under storey layer in the forest?
(1) Grass
(2) Shrubs
(3) Tall trees
(4) Herbs
100. Forests are not responsible for
(1) providing medicinal plants
(2) maintaining the flow of water into the streams
(3) creating flood conditions
(4) absorbing rainwater and maintaining water table

## Direction (101-103)

Answer the given questions based on the following English alphabet:
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
101. Which letter is fifth to the right of the eighteenth letter from your right?
(1) C
(2) D
(3) E
(4) N
102. If all the vowels are removed from the alphabet, which letter will be seventh to the right of the fifth letter from the left?
(1) L
(2) M
(3) N
(4) P
103. If every alternate letter, starting with A , is removed from the alphabet, which letter among the remaining letters would be the third to the right of the fifth letter from the right?
(1) X
(2) V
(3) L
(4) J
104. If the above alphabet is arranged in reverse order, which letter will be twelfth to the left of the sixteenth letter from your left?
(1) D
(2) V
(3) W
(4) X

## Direction (Q. 105 to Q.109)

Study the given information carefully and answer the questions that follow:
(i) A, B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting on a wall and all of them are facing East.
(ii) $C$ is to the immediate right of $D$.
(iii) B is at an extreme end and has E as his neighbour.
(iv) G is between E and F .
(v) D is sitting third from the South end.
105. Who is sitting to the right of E ?
(1) A
(2) C
(3) G
(4) F
106. Which of the following pairs of people are sitting at the extreme ends?
(1) A and B
(2) A and E
(3) C and B
(4) F and B
107. Name the person who should change place with $C$ such that he is at the third place from the North end.
(1) E
(2) F
(3) G
(4) D
108. Immediately between which of the following pairs of people is $D$ sitting?
(1) A and C
(2) A and F
(3) C and E
(4) C and F
109. Which of the conditions (i) to (v) given is not required to find out the place in which A is sitting?
(1) (i)
(2) (ii)
(3) (iii)
(4) All are required
110. Sima starts from point $P$, walks 7 km towards east then turns left and walks another 4 km . Now, she turns right and walks 2 km . In which direction she ends up?
(1) South
(2) North
(3) East
(4) West
111. Find the direction which replaces '?' in the given figure.
(1) N
(2) NE
(3) W
(4) SW

112. Going 50 m to the south of her house, Radhika turns left and goes another 20 m . Then, turning to the North, she goes 30 m and then starts walking to her house. In which direction is she walking now?
(1) North-West
(2) North
(3) South-East
(4) East

Direction (Q.113 to Q.116) : What should come next in the series given below?
113. Ad, Be, Cf, Dg,?
(1) EH
(2) Eh
(3) eH
(4) El
114. PZ, TY, XX, BW,?
(1) FV
(2) GV
(3) FU
(4) GT
115. $1,8,27,64,125$,?
(1) 150
(2) 216
(3) 228
(4) 236
116. $(48,12),(40,10),(32,8),(24,6)$,?
(1) $(14,7)$
(2) $(16,8)$
(3) $(16,4)$
(4) $(9,6)$
117. Which of the following words will come second in the English dictionary?
(1) Magical
(2) Magnify
(3) Maternal
(4) Magnetic
118. Find the next term?

C4X, F9U, I16R, ?
(1) K25P
(2) L25P
(3) L 25 O
(4) L27P
119. If TEMPLE is coded as RCKNJC, in the same way MOSQUE is coded as :-
(1) KNQPTD
(2) KMQOSC
(3) OQUSWG
(4) LMPNRB
120. Some boys are sitting in a line. Mahendra is on 17th place from left and Surendra is on 18th place from right. There are 8 boys in between them. How many boys are there in the line?
(1) 43
(2) 42
(3) 41
(4) 44

