

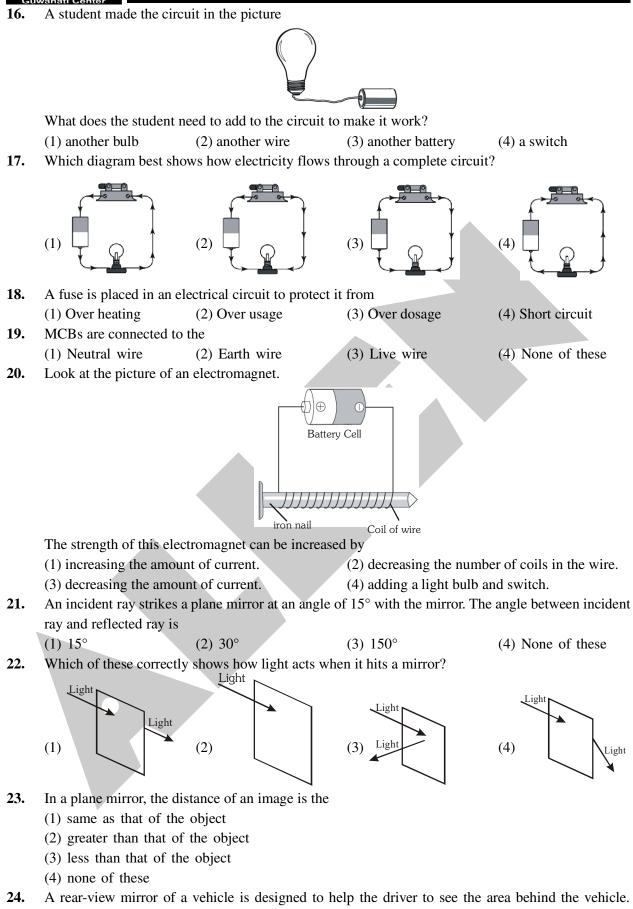
## SAMPLE TEST PAPER Class VII



ALLEN Corporate Office: "SANKALP" CP-6, Indra Vihar, Kota (Rajasthan) INDIA 324005 Call : +91-744-2757575 | Mail : info@allen.ac.in | Website : www.allen.ac.in path is success

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1.	If two objects are in thermal equilibrium with e	each other
	(1) they cannot be moving.	(2) they cannot be undergoing collisions.
	(3) they cannot have different pressures.	(4) they cannot be at different temperatures.
2.	1 calorie is about	
	(1) 0.24 J (2) 8.3 J	(3) 250 J (4*) 4.2 J
3.	The boiling point of liquid hydrogen is –252.87 (1) 273 K (2) 20.13 K	°C. What is the value of this temperature in kelvins? (3) – 525.87 K (4) 0 K
4.	A cake has to be baked at a temperature of $350$ (1) 162 °C (2) 194 °C	0.6 °F. What is this temperature on the Celsius scale? (3) 177 °C (4) 212 °C
5.		230 °C and 0 °C. The difference in temperature of the
	two glasses of water is 30 °C. What is their diff	-
	(1) 30 K (2) 243 K	(3) 86 K (4) 303 K
6.	How does a cyclone form?	(3) 00 K (1) 505 K
0.	-	becomes less dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in
	a anticlockwise direction.	Accords less dense. Surrounding an begins to spin in
		comes more dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in
	a clockwise direction.	comes more dense. Surrounding an begins to spin in
		hannan lan danaa Sumann dina ain haaina ta anin
		becomes less dense. Surrounding air begins to spin
	anticlockwise direction.	danas Como dina sin basing ta anin in
		ecomes more dense. Surrounding air begins to spin in
-	a clockwise direction.	
7.	Which one of the following place is unlikely to	
	(1) Chennai	(2) Mangaluru (Mangalore)
0	(3) Amritsar	(4) Puri
8.	What happens as air has weight?	
	(1) Air lifts objects.	(2) Air pushes objects.
-	(3) Air drops objects.	(4) Air pulls objects.
9.	What results from differences in air pressure?	
	(1) Rain (2) Wind	(3) Humidity (4) Evaporation
10.	An anemometer is used to measure	
	(1) wind speed	(2) wind temperature
	(3) wind direction	(4) wind pressure
11.	If a particle moves from one point to another al	ong a straight line at a constant speed, then
	(1) Its velocity is constant	
	(2) Its velocity may be constant	
	(3) Its velocity cannot be constant	
	(4) No conclusion can be drawn about its vel	-
12.	Two bodies moving with same speed but in difference of the speed but in difference of the speed but in difference of the speed but in the spee	ferent directions will have
	(1) Same velocities	(2) Different speed
	(3) Same displacement	(4) Different velocities
13.	A bus moves with a speed of 40 km/h and cover	s a distance of 20 km. What is the total time taken by
	bus during the whole journery?	
	(1) 1 hour (2) 2/3 hour	(3) 1/4 hour (4) 1/2 hour
14.	Rate of distance travelled by the body is term	ned as
	(1) Displacement (2) Speed	(3) Velocity (4) None of these
15.	An object travels 20 m in 5 sec and then and	other 40 m in 5 sec. What is the average speed of
	the object?	
	(1) 12 m/s (2) 2m/s	(3) 6 m/s (4) 0 m/s





(1) plane mirror (2) convex mirror (3) concave mirror (4) None of above

What kind of optical instrument is a rear-view mirror?

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25.	When white light passes through a prism,					
	(1) Red colour is deviated more than the viole	(1) Red colour is deviated more than the violet colour.				
	(2) Violet colour is deviated more than the red colour					
	(3) Both are deviated by the same amount					
	(4) None of these					
26.	Which of the following terms is not related to sil	lk production?				
	(1) Sericulture (2) Shearing	(3) Caterpillar	(4) Pupa			
27.	Silk worms take :-		-			
	(1) 7 days to spin a cocoon	(2) 15 days to spin a	cocoon			
	(3) 10 days to spin a cocoon	(4) One day to spin a				
28.	Wool bearing animals are :-					
	(1) Camel and Llama	(2) Alpaca and Vicun	a			
	(3) Angora and Cashmere goat	(4) All of these				
29.	Which is the proper sequence in processing fibre	into wool?				
	(1) shearing $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ rolling $\longrightarrow$ scou					
	(2) shearing $\longrightarrow$ scouring $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ ro					
	(3) sorting $\longrightarrow$ scouring $\longrightarrow$ rolling $\longrightarrow$ shea	-				
	(4) scouring $\longrightarrow$ shearing $\longrightarrow$ sorting $\longrightarrow$ ro					
30.	The silk produced in Brahmputra valley is called					
	(1) muga silk (2) wild silk	(3) sheer silk	(4) both (1) and (2)			
31.	The acids which are obtained from the mineral					
	(1) organic acids (2) strong acids	(3) inorganic acids	(4) weak acids			
32.	The chemical formula of sulphuric acid is :-					
	(1) HCl (2) $HNO_3$	(3) H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	(4) $H_2CO_3$			
33.	Which of the following acid is used for makin		() 2 3			
	(1) Acetic acid (2) Tartaric acid	(3) Carbonic acid	(4) Nitric acid			
34.	A teacher performed the following experiment					
	He took some clear lime water and added red					
	What is the conclusion of the above experiment	nt?				
	(1) Red litmus remains red	(2) Red litmus turns	vellow			
	(3) Red litmus turns green	(4) Red litmus turns	-			
35.	Milk of magnesia is :-	. ,				
	(1) $MgCl_2$ (2) $Mg(OH)_2$	(3) $Mg(NO_3)_2$	(4) MgSO <sub>4</sub>			
36.	Melting of wax is a		() U T			
	(1) chemical change (2) decomposition reaction					
	(3) both physical and chemical change					
37.	Which of the following is a chemical change?					
	(1) Formation of clouds					
	(2) Formation of rust					
	(3) Manufacture of milk powder from milk					
	(4) Formation of black coating on the walls of tu	be light				
38.	Change of milk to curd is a :-	e				
	(1) physical change	(2) chemical change				
	(3) both physical and chemical change	(4) neither physical n	or chemical change			
39.	Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct	ct?				
	(1) Iron and rust are same substance					
	(2) Rusting of iron is a chemical change					
	(3) Removal of rust from surface of iron is a che	mical change				
	(4) All of these					



40.	Why rusting of iron is a chemical cha	nge?			
	(1) Because it changes its colour	(2) Because it makes iro	n nowderv		
	(3) Because a new substance is forme		in powdery		
41.		sed as a drinking water source by us	9		
41.			(4) None of these		
40		rs (3) Ground water	(4) None of these		
42.	The chemical formula of ice is :-				
	(1) $H_2$ (2) $O_2$	(3) H <sub>2</sub> O	(4) $H_2O_2$		
43.	The following type of water is not four				
	(1) river water (2) well wa	ter (3) distilled water	(4) rain water		
44.	When a drop of vinegar solution is pu	tt on the litmus paper, it turns :-			
	(1) red (2) blue	(3) green	(4) yellow		
45.	The acid which is present in our stom	ach is :-			
	(1) Hydrochloric acid (2) Sulphur	ic acid (3) Nitric acid	(4) Acetic acid		
46.		s and cause inflammation. This can be	treated by rubbing some		
	baking soda on the affected area. Here		, ,		
	(1) Redox Reaction	(2) Addition reaction			
	(3) Neutralisation reaction	(4) Both 1 and 3			
47.	Common salt is :-	(4) Doth 1 and 3			
4/.		(2) a surface 1	(1) none of these		
40	(1) acidic (2) basic	(3) neutral	(4) none of these		
48.	Which of the following is a natural in				
	(1) China rose petal (2) Turmeria		(4) All of these		
49.	Litmus is a natural indicator and is ex				
	(1) Spinach (2) Berries	(3) Grapes	(4) Lichens		
50.	Milk of magnesia is :-				
	(1) Calcium hydroxide (2) Magnesium hydroxide				
	(1) Calcium hydroxide	(2) Magnesium hydroxi	de		
	(1) Calcium hydroxide (3) Sodium hydroxide	(2) Magnesium hydroxid (4) Potassium hydroxide			
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide		2		
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R NO	2		
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked	2		
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent.The corresponding parts are marked	2		
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R NO	2		
51.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congr	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $O$ $O$ $T$ $W$ $O$ $O$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$		
,	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congr</li> <li>(1) ΔWON</li> <li>(2) ΔOWN</li> </ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $T$ $W$ $O$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$ (4) $\Delta NOW$		
51. 52.	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congrading of two triangles are congrading of the figure, the two triangles are congrading of two triangl</li></ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $O$ $OT$ $W$ $O(3) \Delta NWOor one year at 9% rate p.a What is the$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$ (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed?		
52.	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congrading of two triangles are congrading of the figure, the two triangles are congrading of two</li></ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $T$ $W$ $O$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$ (4) $\Delta NOW$		
,	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congrading to the two tri</li></ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $O$ $OT$ $W$ $O(3) \Delta NWOor one year at 9% rate p.a What is the$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$ (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed?		
52.	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congrading to the two tri</li></ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $O$ $OT$ $W$ $O(3) \Delta NWOor one year at 9% rate p.a What is the$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong ?$ (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed?		
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52.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congre- (1) $\Delta$ WON (2) $\Delta$ OWN If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$	<ul> <li>(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked</li> <li>R N O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O</li></ul>	e d. We can write $\triangle RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\triangle NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450		
52.	<ul> <li>(3) Sodium hydroxide</li> <li>In the figure, the two triangles are congrading to the two tri</li></ul>	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $O$ $OT$ $W$ $O(3) \Delta NWOor one year at 9% rate p.a What is the$	e d. We can write $\triangle RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\triangle NOW$ sum she has borrowed?		
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52. 53.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congr (1) $\Delta$ WON (2) $\Delta$ OWN If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $\begin{array}{c} R & N \\ \hline T & W \\ \hline \end{array}$ (3) $\Delta NWO$ or one year at 9% rate p.a What is the (3) 250 (3) $-\frac{4}{5}$ is 14 minutes	e d. We can write $\triangle RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\triangle NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450		
52. 53.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congre- (1) $\Delta WON$ (2) $\Delta OWN$ If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minute	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $\begin{array}{c} R & N \\ \hline T & W \\ \hline \end{array}$ (3) $\Delta NWO$ or one year at 9% rate p.a What is the (3) 250 (3) $-\frac{4}{5}$ is 14 minutes	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes		
52. 53. 54.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congre- (1) $\Delta WON$ (2) $\Delta OWN$ If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minute	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $R$ $N$ $T$ $W$ $(3) \Delta NWO$ or one year at 9% rate p.a What is the (3) 250 $(3) -\frac{4}{5}$ is 14 minutes tes $(3) 20$ minutes	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes		
52. 53. 54.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congre- (1) $\Delta$ WON (2) $\Delta$ OWN If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minu A local cricket team played 20 matcher they win?	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked R $N$ $U$ $U$ $O$ $OT W (3) \Delta NWOor one year at 9% rate p.a What is the(3) 250(3) -\frac{4}{5}is 14 minutestes (3) 20 minuteses in one season. It won 25% of them.$	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes How many matches did		
52. 53. 54. 55.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congression (1) $\Delta WON$ (2) $\Delta OWN$ If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minutes A local cricket team played 20 matched they win? (1) 1 (2) 3	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $\begin{array}{c} R & N \\ \hline T & W \\ \hline \end{array} \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) 250 \\ \hline \end{array}$ is 14 minutes tes (3) 20 minutes es in one season. It won 25% of them. (3) 5	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes		
52. 53. 54.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congre- (1) $\Delta$ WON (2) $\Delta$ OWN If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minu A local cricket team played 20 matcher they win?	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $\begin{array}{c} R & N \\ \hline T & W \\ \hline \end{array} \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) 250 \\ \hline \end{array}$ is 14 minutes tes (3) 20 minutes es in one season. It won 25% of them. (3) 5	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes How many matches did		
52. 53. 54. 55.	(3) Sodium hydroxide In the figure, the two triangles are congression (1) $\Delta$ WON (2) $\Delta$ OWN If Meena gives an interest of Rs 45 for (1) 1000 (2) 500 Find the product : $\frac{3}{-5} \times \frac{-5}{3}$ (1) 1 (2) $\frac{-6}{35}$ Find the whole quantity if 70% of it (1) 40 minutes (2) 12 minutes A local cricket team played 20 matcher they win? (1) 1 (2) 3 Which of the following pairs not represent	(4) Potassium hydroxide uent. The corresponding parts are marked $\begin{array}{c} R & N \\ \hline T & W \\ \hline \end{array} \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) \Delta NWO \\ (3) 250 \\ \hline \end{array}$ is 14 minutes tes (3) 20 minutes es in one season. It won 25% of them. (3) 5	e d. We can write $\Delta RAT \cong$ ? (4) $\Delta NOW$ sum she has borrowed? (4) 450 (4) 2 (4) 75 minutes How many matches did		

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57.	Find value of $ -20 $			
	(1) -20	(2) 20	(3) 0	(4) 1
58.	One can of Juice contai	n 330 mililiters of Juice. H	Iow many litre of Juice in	there in a pack of dozen
	can?			
	(1) 396 liters	(2) 39.6 liters	(3) 3.96 liters	(4) 0.396 liters
59.	What is place value of 2	2 in the 21.37 decimal nun	nber?	
	(1) Ones	(2) Hunderdth	(3) Tens	(4) Thousandths
<i>(</i> )	Multiply the fraction 6	2 7		
60.	Multiply the fraction 0	5^9		
	$(1) \frac{224}{35}$	(2) $\frac{224}{45}$	(3) 224	(4) 45
	55	(2) 45	(3) 224	(+) +5
61.	Solve the equation :			
	$a^{+}$ + 3 - 2			
	$\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$			
	(1) –5	(2) +5	(3) -1	(4) +1
62.		utive even number is 86 th	-	
(2)	(1) 46	(2) 36	(3) 38	(4) 44
63.		t of any ten student of you	r class :	
		4, 136, 138, 141, 144, 146		
	(1) 20	(2) 22	(3) 21	(4) 23
64.	Find mean of first 5 wh			
	(1) 1	(2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 4
65.		rs is $-600$ . If two of them		
	(1) 1	(2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 4
66.	A dice is rolled once w	hat is the probability of rol	lling a multiple of 3 numb	ber?
	(1) $\frac{1}{2}$	(2) $\frac{1}{2}$	$(3)\frac{1}{-}$	(4) $\frac{5}{6}$
	3	2	$(3)\frac{1}{6}$	(1) 6
67.		raph for companing the da		
<i>(</i> 0	(1) A for graph	(2) A pictograph	(3) A pic chart	(4) None of these
68.	Is $x = -5$ is solution of			
<b>(</b> 0)	(1) Yes	(2) No	(3) Cant by determine	(4) None of these
69.	Solve the equation :			
	$\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$			
	$5^{(1)}$ -5	(2) +5	(3) –1	(4) +1
70.		(2) +5 utive even number is 86 th		(4) + 1
70.	(1) 46	(2) 36	(3) 38	(4) 44
71.		t of any ten student of you	. ,	(4) 44
/1.	0	4, 136, 138, 141, 144, 146		
	(1) 20	(2) 22	(2) 21	(4) 23
72.	Find mean of first 5 wh		(3) 21	(4) 23
12.	(1) 1	(2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 4
73.	Find the mode and med		(3) 3	(ד) ד
13.	13, 16, 12, 14, 19, 12, 1			
	(1) 14, 14	(2) 13, 13	(3) 13, 14	(4) 14, 13
74.	(1) 14, 14 Find the value of :	(4) 13, 13	(3) 13, 14	(+) 1+, 13
/ 4.				
	$\frac{0.34 - 0.034}{0.0024 + 24}$			
	$0.0034 \div 34$ (1) 0.306	(2) 306	(3) 3060	(4) 0.0306
	(1) 0.000	(_) 000	(0) 0000	(1) 0.0000

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75.	The product of 3 integers is – 600.	If two of them are $-15$ and $+10$ then	find the third integer :-
	(1) 1 (2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 4
76.	A plant that has both autotrophic a	rid heterotrophic mode of nutrition.	
	(1) Cactus plant (2) Rhize	obmm (3) Amarbel	(4) Pitcher plant
77.	In me absence of which of me fol	owing will photosynthesis is not occ	ur in leaves?
	(1) Guard cells (2) Chlor	ophyll (3) Vacuole	(4) Space between cells
78.	There are given some parts of dige	stive system, choose the odd one out	
	(1) Stomach (2) Liver	(3) Pancreas	(4) Salivary gland
79.	The enzyme present in the saliva c	onvert	
	(1) Fats into fatty acids and glycer	ol (2) Proteins into am	ino acids
	(3) Starch into simple sugar	(4) Simple sugar int	o complex sugar
80.	The removing of faecal matter thro	bugh the anus is called-	
	(1) Digestion (2) Egest	ion (3) Absorption	(4) None of these
81.	During the exhalation, the ribs-		
	(1) Move outwards	(2) Move downward	s
	(3) Move upwards	(4) Do not move at a	all
82.	Which of the following organisms	can respire anaerobically?	
	(1) Amoeba (2) Parar	necium (3) Euglena	(4) Yeast
83.	More energy is released in-		
	(1) Breaming	(2) Fermentation	
	(3) Anaerobic respiration	(4) Aerobic respirati	on
84.	Muscular floor of the chest cavity	is called-	¥
	(1) Diaphragm (2) Trach	ea (3) Bronchus	(4) Rib cage
85.	Aquatic animals excrete cell waste	mostly as	
	(1) ammonia (2) oxyg	en (3) carbon dioxide	(4) nitrogen
86.	The number of heart beats per min	ute is called-	
	(1) pulse rate (2) throb	bing (3) beating	(4) none of these
87.	The absorption of nutrients and exc	hange of respiratory gases between bl	ood and tissues take place in
	(1) veins (2) arteri	es (3) heart	(4) capillaries
88.	The processes of removal of waste	materials from the bodyis called	
	(1) digestion (2) excre	tion (3) respiration	(4) inhalation
89.	Which of the following is an effect	of sweat on me human body?	
	(1) It causes cooling. (2) It cau	ses heating. (3) It causes freezing	g. (4) It causes melting.
90.	Asexual reproduction takes place t	hrough budding in -	
	(1) Potatoes (2) Yeast	(3) Ferns	(4) Spirogyra
91.	Which of the following is not a ve	getative part of a plant.	
	(1) Stem (2) Leave	es (3) Flowers	(4) Roots
92.	Roseplant is grown by -		
	(1) Leaf cutting (2) Stem	cuftms (3) Seed	(4) Root cutting
93.	In which of the following plants by	ids are present on the margins of leav	ves?
	(1) Bryophyllum (2) Touch		(4) Coriander
94.	Which factor influences soil forma		(.)
74.			$(A) \Delta 11$ of these
07			(4) All of these
95.	In which horizon of soil minerals a		
	(1) A (2) B	(3) C	(4) None
96.	Which of the following has smalle	st size soil particles ?	
	(1) Gravel (2) Silt	(3) Clay-	(4) Sand

	wahati Center				
97.	Nights in deserts are mu				
	(1) humidity becomes h	•	(2) sand cools down fas	ter	
	(3) wind blows vigorous	•	(4) it rains at night		
98.	Elements of weather are				
	(1) temperature	(2) humidity	(3) rainfall'	(4) all of these	
99. V	Which kind of plants gene	rally constitute under stor	ey layer in the forest?		
	(1) Grass	(2) Shrubs	(3) Tall trees	(4) Herbs	
100.	Forests are not responsi	ble for			
	(1) providing medicinal	plants			
	(2) maintaining the flow	of water into the streams	8		
	(3) creating flood condition	tions			
	(4) absorbing rainwater	and maintaining water tal	ole		
Dire	ction (101-103)				
	Answer the given questi	ons based on the followir	ng English alphabet:		
	ABCDEFGHIJK	LMNOPQRSTUV	WXYZ		
101.	Which letter is fifth to the	he right of the eighteenth	letter from your right?		
	(1) C	(2) D	(3) E	(4) N	
102.	If all the vowels are rem	noved from the alphabet,	which letter will be sevent	h to the right of the fifth	
	letter from the left?				
	(1) L	(2) M	(3) N	(4) P	
103.	If every alternate letter, s	tarting with A, is removed	from the alphabet, which le	tter among the remaining	
	letters would be the thir	d to the right of the fifth l	etter from the right?	-	
	(1) X	(2) V	(3) L	(4) J	
04.	If the above alphabet is a	rranged in reverse order, w	which letter will be twelfth	to the left of the sixteent	
	letter from your left?				
	(1) D	(2) V	(3) W	(4) X	
Dire	ction (Q.105 to Q.109)				
	Study the given information	tion carefully and answer	the questions that follow:	:	
	(i) A, B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting on a wall and all of them are facing East.				
	(ii) C is to the immedia	te right of D.	-		
	(iii)B is at an extreme e	nd and has E as his neigh	bour.		
	(iv) G is between E and	F.			
	(v) D is sitting third fro	m the South end.			
105.	Who is sitting to the rig	ht of E?			
	(1) A	(2) C	(3) G	(4) F	
106.		pairs of people are sitting	g at the extreme ends?		
	(1) A and B	(2) A and E	(3) C and B	(4) F and B	
107			C such that he is at the th		
1071	end.	nould change place with	e such that he is at the th	ind place from the room	
		( <b>)</b> ) E	(2) C	(4) D	
	(1) E	(2) F	(3) G	(4) D	
108.	-	hich of the following pair	· · ·		
	(1) A and C	(2) A and F	(3) C and E	(4) C and F	
109.	Which of the conditions	s (i) to (v) given is not req	uired to find out the place	in which A is sitting?	
	(1) (i)	(2) (ii)	(3) (iii)	(4) All are required	
110.	Sima starts from point H	P, walks 7 km towards eas	t then turns left and walks	another 4 km. Now, she	
	-	km. In which direction sh			
	(1) South	(2) North	(3) East	(4) West	
	() = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(=) = · · · · · · ·	(-) =*	()	



**111.** Find the direction which replaces '?' in the given figure.

(1) N	
(2) NE	
(3) W	
(4) SW	Ē

112. Going 50 m to the south of her house, Radhika turns left and goes another 20 m. Then, turning to the North, she goes 30 m and then starts walking to her house. In which direction is she walking now?
(1) North-West (2) North (3) South-East (4) East

**Direction (Q.113 to Q.116) :** What should come next in the series given below? **113** Ad Ba Cf  $Dg^2$ 

115.	Ad, Be, CI, Dg,?				
	(1) EH	(2) Eh	(3) eH	(4) El	
114.	PZ, TY, XX, BW,?				
	(1) FV	(2) GV	(3) FU	(4) GT	
115.	1, 8, 27, 64, 125,?				
	(1) 150	(2) 216	(3) 228	(4) 236	
116.	(48, 12), (40, 10), (32, 8	), (24, 6),?			
	(1) (14, 7)	(2) (16, 8)	(3) (16, 4)	(4) (9, 6)	
117.	Which of the following	words will come second in	the English dictionary?		
	(1) Magical	(2) Magnify	(3) Maternal	(4) Magnetic	
118.	Find the next term?				
	C4X, F9U, I16R, ?				
	(1) K25P	(2) L25P	(3) L25O	(4) L27P	
119.	If TEMPLE is coded as RCKNJC, in the same way MOSQUE is coded as :-				
	(1) KNQPTD	(2) KMQOSC	(3) OQUSWG	(4) LMPNRB	
120.	Some boys are sitting in	a line. Mahendra is on 1'	7th place from left and Su	rendra is on 18th place	
	from right. There are 8 boys in between them. How many boys are there in the line?				
	(1) 43	(2) 42	(3) 41	(4) 44	