MODEL PAPER-2 SUBJECT - COMPUTER SCIENCE CLASS-XII

MM-70 TIME-3HRS

General Instructions:

- 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B. Each part is compulsory.
- 2. Both Part A and Part B have choices.
- 3. Part-A has 2 sections:
 - a. Section I is short answer questions, to be answered in one word or one line.
 - b. Section II has two case studies questions. Each case study has 4 case-based sub-parts.

An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of the 5 subparts.

- 4. Part B is Descriptive Paper.
- 5. Part- B has three sections

(A) int

- a. Section-I is short answer questions of 2 marks each in which two question have internal options.
- b. Section-II is long answer questions of 3marks each in which two questions have internal options.
- c. Section-III is very long answer questions of 5 marks each in which one question has internal option.
- 6. All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only

(B) bool

Question Part-A Marks
No. allocated

Section-I

Select the most appropriate option out of the options given for each question. Attempt any 15 questions from question no 1 to 21.

rom	question no 1 to 21.				
1.	Which operator is ov	erloaded by the or() func	tion?		[1]
	(A)	(B)	(C) //	(D) /	•
2.	Which function overl	loads the >> operator?			[1]
	(A) more()	(B) gt()	(C) ge()	(D) None of the above	
3.	What will be the outp	out of the following code	:		[1]
	<pre>print type(type(int))</pre>				
	(A) type 'int'	(B) type 'type'	(C) Error	(D) 0	
4.	What is the output of	the following program:			[1]
	i = 0				
	while $i < 3$:				
	print i				
	i++				
	print i+1				
	` /	(B) 0 1 2 3 4 5	(C) Error	(D) 1 0 2 4 3 5	
5.		a function is defined inside			[1]
	(A) Module		(B) Class		
_	(C) Another Function		(D) Method		•••
6.	Given a function that does not return any value, what value is shown when executed at the shell				ıell'.

(C) void

(D) None

[1]

[1]

7.		ng is not a complex num		(D)1 2 + 21	[1]
8.	(A) $k = 2 + 3j$ What is the output of t	(B) $k = complex(2, 3)$ the following program :	(C) $K = 2 + 31$	(D) $k = 2 + 3J$	[1]
0.	y = 8	ine following program.			[*]
	z = lambda x : x * y				
	print z(6)	(D) 14	(0) (4	(D) M. (0.1 1	
9.	(A) 48 What is the output of t	(B) 14	(C) 64	(D) None of the above	[1]
9.	import re	the following program:			[1]
	sentence = 'horses are	fast'			
		P <animal>\w+) (?P<ver< th=""><th>rb>\w+) (?P<adjec< th=""><th>tive>\w+)')</th><th></th></adjec<></th></ver<></animal>	rb>\w+) (?P <adjec< th=""><th>tive>\w+)')</th><th></th></adjec<>	tive>\w+)')	
	matched = re.search(re	, ,	, (J	,,	
	print(matched.groupdi				
		', 'verb': 'are', 'adjectiv	/e': 'fast'}		
	(B) ('horses', 'are', 'fa	ast')			
	(C) 'horses are fast' (D) 'are'				
10.	· /	s are expected to be disr	olayed on the scree	en at the time of execution	of the
10.				and maximum values that c	
	assigned to the variable				[1]
	import random temp=	[10,20,30,40,50,60] c=r	andom.randint(0,4) for i in range(0, c):	
	print(temp[i],"#")				
	(i)10#20#	(ii) 10#20#30#40#50#		#30# (iv) 50#60#	
11.	•	when dealing with ider	ntifiers.		[1]
	(a) yes		(b) no		
	(c) machine dependen	t	(d) none of the m	entioned	
12.	Which of the followin	g is an invalid variable	?		[1]
	(a) my_day_2	(b) 2 nd _day	(c) Day_two	(d) _2	
13.	Which of the followin	g id not keyword?			[1]
	(a)eval	(b) assert	(c) nonlocal	(d) pass	
14.	Which of the following	ng is an invalid statemen	nt?		[1]
	(a) $abc=1,000,000$		(b) a b $c = 1000 2$	000 3000	
	(c) $a,b,c = 1000,2000,3$	3000	(d) $a=b=c=1,000$),000	
15.	Which of the followin	g cannot be variable?			[1]
	(a) _init_	(b) in	(c) it	(d) on	
16.	Which of these is not a	a core data type.?	, ,	, ,	[1]
	(a) Lists	(b) Dictionary	(c) Tuples	(d) Class	
17.	` '	does not return any val	•	hrown by default when exe	cuted
	in shell?	ř	,	•	[1]
	(a) int	(b) bool	(c) void	(d) none	(-)
18.	* *	nands is executed in she	` '	` '	[1]
	>>>str ="hello"		,	P***	(-)
	>>>str [:2]				
	>>> su [.2]				
	(a) he	(b) lo	(c) olleh	(d) hello	
	(4) 110	(3) 10	(c) onen	(4) 110110	

[1]

- **19.** Carefully observe the code and give the answer.
 - def function1(a):

a=a+'1'

a=a*2

>>>function1("hello")

- (a) indentation Error (b) cannot perform mathematical operation on strings
- (c) hello2
- (d) hello2 hello2
- **20.** What data type is the object below?

[1]

L=[1,23,'hello',1]

- (a) list
- (b) dictionary
- (c) array
- (d) tuple
- **21.** To store values in terms of key and value, what core data type does Python Provide?

[1]

- (a) list
- (b) tuple
- (c) class
- (d) dictionary

Section-II

Both the Case study based questions are compulsory. Attempt any 4 sub parts from each question. Each question carries 1 mark

22. Write SQL queries for (a) to (f) and write the outputs for (g) parts (i) to (iv) on the basis of tables APPLICANTS and COURSES.

TABLE: APPLICANTS

No.	NAME	FEE	GENDER	C_ID	JOINYEAR
1012	Amandeep	30000	M	A01	2012
1102	Avisha	25000	F	A02	2009
1103	Ekant	30000	М	A02	2011
1049	Arun	30000	M	A03	2009
1025	Amber	40000	M	A02	2011
1106	Ela	40000	F	A05	2010
1017	Nikita	35000	F	A03 *	2012
1108	Arluna	30000	F	A03	2012
2109	Shakti	35000	M	A04	2011
1101	Kirat	25000	M	A01	2012

TABLE: COURSES

C_ID	COURSE
A01	FASHION DESIGN
A02	NETWORKING
A03	HOTEL MANAGEMENT
A04	EVENT MANAGEMENT
A05	OFFICE MANAGEMENT

- (a) To display NAME, FEE, GENDER, JOINYEAR about the APPLICANTS, who have joined before 2010.
- (b) To display the names of applicants, who are paying FEE more than 30000.
- (c) To display the names of all applicants in ascending order of their join year.
- (d) To display the year and the total number of applicants joined in each year from the table APPLICANTS.

- (e) To display the CJD and the number of applicants registered in the course from the APPLICANTS table.
- (f) To display the applicant's name with their respective course's name from the tables APPLICANTS and COURSES.
- (g) Give the output of the following SQL statements:
 - (i) SELECT NAME, JOINYEAR FROM APPLICANTS WHERE GENDER =' F' AND C ID= ' A02 ';
 - (ii) SELECT MIN (JOI NYEAR) FROM APPLICANTS WHERE GENDER = 'M';
 - (iii) SELECT AVG(FEE) FROM APPLICANTS WHERE C ID='A01' OR C ID='A05';
 - (iv) SELECT SUM(FEE), C_ID FROM APPLICANTS GROUP BY C_ID HAVING COUNT(*)=2;
- **24.** Consider the following tables CARDEN and CUSTOMER and answer (a) and (b) parts of this questions:

ТЛІ	oi E.	CAL	CDKN
IAF	∢ı ⊢∙	L AK	IIK

Ccode	CarName	Make	(Color	Capacity	Charges
501	A-star	Suzuki	I	RED	3	14
503	Indigo	Tata	S	SILVER	3	12
502	Innova	Toyota	Y	WHITE	7	15
509	SX4	Suzuki	5	SILVER	4	14
510	C-Class	Mercedes	I	RED	4	35

TABLE: Customer

	Tilbelli Customer	
CCode	CName	Ccode
1001	Hamant Sahu	501
1002	Raj Lai	509
1003	Feroza Shah	503
1004	Ketan Dhal	502

- (a) Write SQL commands for the following statements:
 - (i) To display the name of all the SILVER colored cars.
 - (ii) To display name of Car, Make and sitting Capacity of cars in descending order of their sitting Capacity.
 - (iii) To display the highest Charges at which a vehicle can be hired from CARDEN.
 - (iv) To display the Customer name and the corresponding name of the Cars hired by them.
- (b) Give the output of the following SQL queries:
 - (i) SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Make) FROM CARDEN;
 - (ii) SELECT MAX(Charges), MIN (Charges) FROM CARDEN;
 - (iii) SELECT COUNT(*) Make FROM CARDEN;
 - (iv) SELECT CarName FROM CARDEN WHERE Capacity = 4;

PART-B

SECTION-1

25. 26. 27.	How are string –literals represented and implemented in Python? What all components can a Python program contain? Which names are local and which are global in the following code fragment. invaders = "Big names" pos = 200 level = 1 def play(): max_level = level + 10 print(len(invaders) == 0)	[2] [2] [2]			
	Which names are local and which are global in the following code fragment. invaders = "Big names" pos = 200 level = 1 def play (): max_level = level + 10				
27.	invaders = "Big names" pos = 200 level = 1 def play(): max_level = level + 10				
	def play (): max_level = level + 10				
	$max_level = level + 10$				
	print (ion (in vacets) = 0)				
	return max level				
	res = play()				
	print (res)				
28.	What is the internal structure of Python strings?	[2]			
29.	What are data types? What are python's built –in core data types?	[2]			
30.	What is the role of comments and indentation in a program?	[2]			
31.	Fill in the blanks:	[2]			
	(a) The computer is used to serve data and information				
	(b)is a set of rules that governs the communications between computers on				
	a network.				
	(c)is a device software or a system that converts data between dissimilar network with				
	different protocols.				
	(d) is an interconnection of several computers of different types belonging to various				
	network all over the world.				
32.	Give the full forms of the following	[2]			
	ARPAnet-				
	FTP -				
	WWW-				
	DNS-				
	RJ-45-				
	GSM - SMTP-				
	POP-				
33 .	How is co-axial cable different from optical fibre? Section- II	[2]			
34.	What do you understand by local and global scope of variables? OR	[3]			
	Write a program to input n numbers and to insert any number in a particular position.				
35 .	Convert the following for loop into while loop, for i in range $(1,100)$: if i % 4 == 2:	[3]			
	print i, "mod", 4, "= 2"				
36.	<u>-</u>	[2]			
	What is the difference between parameters and arguments?	[3]			
37.	Explain Relational Database Terms?	[3]			

Section-III

38. Granuda consultants are setting up a secured network for their office campus at Farida bad for their day-to-day office and web based activities. They are planning to have connectivity between 3 buildings and the head office situated in Kolkata. Answer the questions (i) to (iv) after going through the building positions in the campus and other details, which are given below. [5]

Distance between various buildings

Distance between various banames	
Building RAVI to Building JAMUNA	120 m
Building RAVI to Building GANGA	50 m
Building GANGA to Building JAMUNA	65 m
Faridabad Campus to Head Office	1460 km

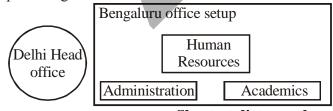
Number of com		
Building RAVI	25	
Building JAMUNA	150	
Building GANGA	51	
Head Office	10	

Suggest the most suitable place (i.e. block) to house the server of this organisation. Also, give a reason to justify your suggested location.

- 1. Suggest a cable layout of connections between the building inside the campus.
- 2. Suggest the placement of the following devices with justification:
 - (a) Switch
- (b) Repeater
- 3. The organisation is planning to provide a high speed link with its head office situated in the Kolkata using a wired connection. Which of the following cable will be most suitable for this job?
 - (a) Optical fibre
- (b) Co-axial cable
- (c) Ethernet cable

OR

G.R.K International Inc. is planning to connect its Bengaluru Office Setup with its Head Office in Delhi. The Bengaluru Office G.R.K. International Inc. is spread across an area of approx. 1 square kilometres consisting of 3 blocks. Human Resources, Academics and Administration. You as a network expert have to suggest answers to the four queries (i) to (iv) raised by them. Note Keep the distances between blocks and number of computers in each block in mind, while providing them the solutions.



Shortest distances between various blocks

Human Resources to Administration	100m
Human Resources to Academics	65m
Academics to Administration	110m
Delhi Head Office to Bengaluru	2350 km

Office Setup

Number of computers installed at various blocks

Block	Number of computers
Human Resources	155
Administration	20
Academics	100
Delhi Head Office	20

- 1. Suggest the most suitable block in the Bengaluru Office Setup to host the server. Give a suitable reason with your suggestion.
- 2. Suggest the cable layout among the various blocks within the Bengaluru Office Setup for connecting the blocks.
- 3. Suggest a suitable networking device to be installed In each of the blocks essentially required for connecting computers inside the blocks with fast and efficient connectivity.
- 4. Suggest the most suitable media to provide secure, fast and reliable data connectivity between Delhi Head Office and the Bengaluru Office Setup.
- **39.** Answer the questions (a) and (b) on the basis of the following tables SHOPPE and ACCESSORIES.

[5]

TABLE: SHOPPK			
Id	SName	Area	
S001	ABC Computeronics	СР	
S002	All Infotech Media	GKII	
S003	Tech Shoppe	СР	
S004	Geeks Tecno Soft	Nehru Place	
S005	Hitech Tech Store	Nehru Place	

TABLE: ACCESSORIES

No	Name	Price	Id
A01	Mother Board	12000	S01
A02	Hard Disk	5000	S01
A03	Keyboard	500	S02
A04	Mouse	300	S01
A05	Mother Board	13000	S02
A06	Keyboard	400	S03
A07	LCD	6000	S04
T08	LCD	5500	S05
T09	Mouse	350	S05
T10	Hard Disk	4500	S03

- (a) Write the SQL queries:
 - (i) To display Name and Price of all the Accessories in ascending order of their Price.
 - (ii) To display Id and SName of all Shoppe located in Nehru Place.
 - (iii) To display Minimum and Maximum Price of each Name of Accessories.
 - (iv) To display Name, Price of all Accessories and their respective SName, where they are available.
- (b) Write the output of the following SQL commands:
 - (i) SELECT DISTINCT NAME FROM ACCESSORIES WHERE PRICE>=5000;
 - (ii) SELECT AREA, COUNT(*) FROM SHOPPE GROUP BY AREA;
 - (iii) SELECT COUNT (DI ST INCT AREA) FROM SHOPPE:
 - (iv) SELECT NAME, PRICE*0.05 DISCOUNT FROM ACCESSORIES WHERE SNO IN ('S02'.'S03');



[5]

