

## NATIONAL TALENT SEARCH EXAMINATION (NTSE-2020) STAGE -1 STATE : GUJARAT PAPER : SAT

## Date: 03/11/2019

## SOLUTIONS Max. Marks: 100 Time allowed: 120 mins Find the remainder when $x^4 - x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 1$ is divided by x + 1. 1. (A) 2 (B) –2 (C) 4 (D) 0 Ans. (C) **Sol.** $f(x) = x^4 - x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 1$ g(x) x 1 By remainder theorem, $x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1$ Remainder = f(-1) $= (-1)^4 - (-1)^3 + 2(-1)^2 - (-1) - 1$ 1 1 2 1-1 Number of zeros which are real numbers of the polynomial $p(x) = x^3 + 1$ , is 2. (B) 0 (D) 2 (A) 1 (C) 3 Ans. (A) **Sol.** $P(x) = x^3 = 1$ for zeros, P(x) = 0 $x^{3}$ 1 0 $(x+1)(x^2 - x - 1) = 0$ x = -1 and $x^2 - x = 1 = 0$ $\begin{aligned} x &= -1 \text{ and } x \quad \frac{-(-1)\pm\sqrt{(-1)^2-4\times1\times1}}{2\times1} \\ x &= -1 \text{ and } x \quad \frac{1\pm\sqrt{-3}}{3} \text{ (not real roots)} \end{aligned}$ So, only 1 real root. The radius of hemisphere is \_\_\_\_\_\_ whose total surface area is 4158 cm<sup>2</sup>. 3. (A) 7 cm (B) 21 cm (C) 3.5 cm (D) 42 cm Ans. (B) **Sol.** Total surface area of hemisphere = $3\pi r^2$ $3\pi r^2$ 4158 $3 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r^2$ 4158 $r^2 = \frac{4158 \times 7}{3 \times 22}$ 441 r 21 cm

4. Ans. Sol.	Median of data 3, 4, (A) 3 (A) Arranged array: -5, - Total number of obser Median of data = $\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{\text{th}}$ $\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^{\text{th}}$ term $\left(\frac{10}{2}\right)^{\text{th}}$ term 5 th term = 3	(B) -3 -3, 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, rvations (n) = 9 (or	9	 (C) 0	(D) 5
5.	As shown in figure if (A) 105°	∠PQR : ∠ROQ = (B) 75°	P	$\angle SOQ = $ (C) 90°	– (D) 110°
	()		R৺	<sup>™</sup> Q	
	(NA)				
Sol.	Error in question				
6.	In the decimal expans	sion of a rational n	umber <u>145</u> 625	$\frac{80}{\times 3}$ , there are	digits (nos) after decimal.
Ans.	(A) 2 <b>(B)</b>	(B) 3		(C) 4	(D) 5
Sol.	3 digits after decimal	$ \frac{14580}{525 \times 3} \\ \frac{4860}{5^4} \\ \frac{972 \times 2^3}{5^3 \times 2^3} \\ \frac{7776}{10^3} \\ 7.776 $			
7.	The HCF of 96 and 4		LCM is		
Δ	(A) 16016	(B) 9616		(C) 1250	(D) 9696
Ans.					
Sol.	$HCF \times LCM$ Produce	uct of Numbers			
	$4 \times LCM = 96 \times 404$				
	$LCM = 96 \times 101$				
	LCM 9696				

For a quadratic polynomial  $-x^2 + 2x + 8$  sum of zeros is \_\_\_\_\_ 8. (C) –8 (A) –2 (B) 2 (D) -4 Ans. (B)  $f(x) = -x^2 \quad 2x \quad 8$ Sol. Sum of zeros  $\frac{-b}{a}$  $\frac{-2}{-1}$ 2 Zeros of quadratic polynomial  $p(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + (K - 1) = 0$  are inverse of each other then K =\_\_\_\_\_. 9. (C)  $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 2 (A) 3 (D) 1 Ans. (A) **Sol.**  $P(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + (K - 1)$ Let, one zero of polynomial is  $\alpha$ , then other root will be  $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ . Product of zeros  $\frac{c}{a}$  $\alpha \times \frac{1}{\alpha} \quad \frac{K-1}{2}$ K 3 The pair of eq<sup>ns</sup> 5x - 8y + 1 = 0,  $3x - \frac{24}{5}y + \frac{3}{5} = 0$  has \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. (A) Unique Solution (B) Infinitely many Solutions (D) No solution (C) Two solutions Ans. (B) **Sol.** 5x - 8y + 1 = 0 $3x - \frac{24}{5}y + \frac{3}{5} = 0$  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \quad \frac{5}{3}; \ \frac{b_1}{b_2} \quad \frac{-8}{-24_5}; \ \frac{c_1}{c_2} \quad \frac{1}{3_5}$ Here,  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} - \frac{b_1}{b_2} - \frac{c_1}{c_2}$ So, Infinitely many Solutions After five years the sum of ages of father and his son will 70. Then four years ago sum of their ages was 11. (B) 66 (A) 62 (C) 56 (D) 52 Ans. (D) Sol. Let, Present age of father = x years Present age of son = y years According to question x + 5 + y + 5 = 70

	x + y = 60	(i)		
	4 years ago, x - 4 + y - 4 = x + y - 3	8		
		of Sum of their ages (x + y -	(-8) = 60 - 8 = 52	
12.		imber and smallest compos		
	(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4
Ans.				
Sol.	Smallest prime number =	= 2		
	Smallest composite numb			
	HCF(2, 4) = 2			
13.	11 <sup>th</sup> term of the A.P : -3	$, -\frac{1}{2}, 2$ is		
	(A) 28	(B) 22	(C) –38	(D) $-48\frac{1}{2}$
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )			
Sol.	The given AP = $-3, -\frac{1}{2}$ ,	2,		
	First term (a) $= -3$			
	Common difference (d) =	$=-\frac{1}{2}-(-3)$ $\frac{5}{2}$		
	T <sub>11</sub> a 10d			
	$T_{11} = -3 + 10 \times \frac{5}{2} = -3$	25 22		
14.	The sum of the first 1000		-	
	(A) 5050	(B) 50005	(C) 500500	(D) 50500
Ans.	• •	1 . 0 . 0 .	1000	
Sol.		integers = $1 + 2 + 3 +$	+ 1000	
	$=\frac{1000}{2}2\times1+(10)$	$(00-1) \times 1$		
	$Sum = 500 \times 1001$			
	500500			
15.	Perpendicular distance of	f point (–2, –3) from y axis i	is	
	(A) 2	(B) 3	(C) $\sqrt{13}$	(D) 5
Ans.	( <b>A</b> )			
Sol.	Perpendicular distance of $=  -2  = 2$	f a point from y axis is $=  a $	bscissa	
16.		e segment joining the points	A(1 - 5) and $B(3 + 4)$ is div	ided by X axis from A, is
200	(A) - 4:5	(B) 1:3	(C) $5:4$	(D) – 5 : 4
Ans.		. ,	、 /	· · /
Sol.		is and it divides line segme	nt AB in k : 1.	
	So, its y - coordinates is 0	)		
	Using section formula,			

	$0  \frac{4k-5}{k-1}$			
	$k  1$ $k  \frac{5}{4}$			
	$\frac{k}{4}$ Ratio is 5 : 4			
17.		e probability that 5 will corr	ne up at least once is	
	(A) $\frac{1}{6}$	(B) $\frac{5}{36}$	(C) $\frac{10}{36}$	(D) $\frac{11}{36}$
Ans. Sol.	Total possible outcomes a		(5 5) (5 6) (1 5) (2 5)	(2, 5) (4, 5) (6, 5)
	Probability $\frac{11}{36}$	e (5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3), (5, 4)	, (3, 3), (3, 0), (1, 3), (2, 3)	, (3, 5), (4, 5), (0, 5)
18.		nnot be the probability of a	n event?	
	(A) $\frac{2}{3}$	(B) 15%	(C) $\frac{3}{2}$	(D) 0.7
Ans. Sol. 19.	Probability of any event c To draw "Less than" ogiv (A) Cumulative frequency (C) Lower Limits	e we take on X axi	s. (B) Upper Limits (D) Midpoints	
Ans. Sol.	. ,	e we take <b>Upper Limits</b> on	X - axis	
20.	$\sum_{i=1}^{9} (xi - \overline{x}) =$			
Ans.	(A) $8\overline{x}$ (C)	(B) 9 <del>x</del>	(C) 0	(D) 9
Sol.	$\sum_{i=1}^{9} x_i - \overline{x}$			
	$= \mathbf{x}_1 - \overline{\mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{x}_2 - \overline{\mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{x}_2$			
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$_{9} - 9 \times \overline{x}$		
21.	0 The water kept in an earth (A) Diffusion	nen pot(matka) becomes co (B) Sublimation	ol during summer by which (C) Evaporation	process? (D) Osmosis
Ans.	• •			
Sol.	I he water kept in an earth pores present in it.	ien pot becomes cool during	summer due to evaporation	ı, that takes place through the tiny
<b>22</b> .	Which of the following con	mpound cannot be sublime		
Ans.	(A) Sodium chloride ( <b>A</b> )	(B) Ammonium chloride	(C) Anthracene	(D) Camphor
Sol.	. ,	be sublimed, all the others a	re sublime substances.	
23.	What is the molar mass o (A) 31u	f nitric acid? ( H=1, N= 14 (B) 36u	l, O=16) (C) 47u	(D) 63u

<b>A</b>							
Ans. Sol	Formula of nitric acid is HNO <sub>3</sub> . Hence the mass becomes						
001.	1 + 14 + 3(16) = 63u	$100_3$ . Thence the mass becc	anes				
24.		ent is used in the treatment	of cancer?				
	(A) Lead	(B) Cobalt	(C) Uranium	(D) Iodine			
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )						
Sol.	Co - 60 is used in the trea	tment of cancer.					
<b>25</b> .	Who discovered the nucle	eus in the cell?					
	(A) Robert Brown	(B) Robert Hooke	(C) Purkinje	(D) Leeuwenhoek			
Ans.	(A)						
Sol.	Robert Brown discovered	nucleus in the cell in 1831.					
<b>26</b> .	The Lining of kidney tubu	les and duct of Salivary glar	nds are formed by which epi	thelium?			
	(A) Squamous	(B) Ciliated	(C) Columnar	(D) Cuboidal			
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )						
Sol.		nd duct of salivary glands ar		elium.			
27.	-	imal posseses jawless suckin	-				
_	(A) Lamprey	(B) Chameleon	(C) Sting ray	(D) Salamender			
Ans.	(A)						
Sol.		hat possess suctorial mouth					
28.		attains velocity of 72 kmh	in 5 min, then find the a	acceleration. (Assuming that the			
	acceleration is uniform)						
	(A) $\frac{1}{15}$ ms <sup>-2</sup>	(B) $\frac{1}{10}$ ms <sup>-2</sup>	(C) 5 ms <sup>-2</sup>	(D) 10 ms <sup>-2</sup>			
Ans.	(A)						
	u = 0;						
	$v = 72 \text{ kmh}^{-1} = 20 \text{ ms}^{-1};$						
	t = 5 min = 300 s						
	Acceleration $a = \frac{(v-u)}{t}$						
	$a = \frac{(20 - 0)}{300} \text{ ms}^{-2}$						
	$=\frac{1}{15}$ ms <sup>-2</sup>						
<b>29</b> .	15 Which is the unit of Force	<b>b</b>					
29.	(A) kg ms <sup><math>-1</math></sup>	(B) N.m	(C) kg ms <sup>-2</sup>	(D) Pa			
Ans.			(0) 18 113				
Sol.	Force = mass $\times$ accelerat	ion					
0011	$= (kg)(ms^{-2})$						
	= kg ms <sup>-2</sup>						
<b>30</b> .	What is the mass of 6 kg o	object on the moon?					
	(A) 1 kg	(B) 36 kg	(C) 1/6 kg	(D) 6 kg			
Ans.		-	-				
Sol.	Mass of an object remains	constant everywhere.					

31.	$1 \text{ kwh} = \ J.$	-	<i>,</i>	
	(A) $36 \times 10^5 \mathrm{J}$	(B) $3.6 \times 10^5 \mathrm{J}$	(C) $36 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{J}$	(D) $3.6 \times 10^4  \text{J}$
Ans.		_		
	$1 \text{ kwh} = 3.6 \times 10^6 \text{ J} = 36$	$6 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$		
<b>32</b> .	Which of the following ani	mal produce Ultrasound?		
	(A) Whale	(B) Dolphin	(C) Elephant	(D) Rhinoceroses
Ans.	<b>(B)</b>			
Sol.	Dolphin produces Ultrasou	nd.		
<b>33</b> .	Which of the following is n	ot a bacterial disease?		
	(A) Anthrax	(B) T.B.	(C) Dengue	(D) Typhoid
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
Sol.	Dengue is a viral disease.			
34.	Which is responsible for ine	crease in global temperature	2?	
	(A) Ozone layer depletion		(B) Acid rain	
	(C) Green house effect		(D) Lightning	
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
Sol.	Increase in greenhouse gas	ses like $\rm CO_2$ and $\rm CH_4$ are re	sponsible for global warming	g.
35.	Which fish feeds in the mid			
	(A) Catla	(B) Mrigal	(C) Common carp	(D) Rohu
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )			
Sol.	Rohus feed in the middle-z	one of the pond.		
<b>36</b> .	Which of the following gas	ses can be used for the stora	age of fresh samples of an o	il for a long time?
	(A) Carbon dioxide or oxyg	gen	(B) Nitrogen or oxygen	
	(C) Carbon dioxide or heliu	um	(D) Nitrogen or helium	
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )			
Sol.	Nitrogen and helium are ir	nert gases , so they can be u	sed to prevent rancidity.	
37.	Which of the following are	combination reactions?		
	(i) $2\text{KClO}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{KCl} + 3\text{O}_2$		(ii) MgO + $H_2O \rightarrow Mg(OH)$	H) <sub>2</sub>
	(iii) $4Al + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2Al_2O_3$		(iv) $Zn + FeSO_4 \rightarrow ZnSO_4$	<sub>1</sub> + Fe
	(A) (i) and (iii)	(B)(iii) and (iv)	(C) (ii) and (iv)	(D) (ii) and (iii)
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )			
Sol.	(ii) and (iii) are combination	on reactions,		
	(i) is a decomposition reac	tion , and (iv) is a displacen	nent reaction.	
<b>38</b> .	Our tooth enamel is made	up of		
	(A) $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$	(B) $\operatorname{Ca}_2(\operatorname{PO}_4)_3$	(C) Mg (OH) $_2$	(D) CaPO <sub>4</sub>
Ans.	( <b>A</b> )			
Sol.	Our tooth enamel is made	up of $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$		
<b>39</b> .	Which acid is present in to	mato?		
	(A) Citric acid	(B) Acetic acid	(C) Oxalic acid	(D) Tartaric acid
Ans.	• •			
Sol.	-			
<b>40</b> .	What is the common name	e of compound CaOCl <sub>2</sub> ?		
	(A) Quick lime	(B) Bleaching powder	(C) Slaked lime	(D) Baking powder
Ans.				
Ans. Sol.	. ,	ommon name of compound	l CaOCl <sub>2</sub> .	

41.	Cinnabar is the ore of wh	ich metal?						
71.	(A) Hg	(B) Pb	(C) Zn	(D) Cu				
Ans.	(A) Hg (A)	(D) I U		(D) Cu				
Sol.	• •	an ora of Ha						
301. 42.	Cinnabar is HgS. So, it is an ore of Hg.							
42.	Which is the alloy of copp		(C) Soldon	(D) Promo				
•	(A) Brass	(B) Steel	(C) Solder	(D) Bronze				
Ans.	. ,	1						
Sol.	Bronze is the alloy of cop	-						
43.	Which of the following is a			0.00				
	(A) $ZnCO_3 \rightarrow ZnO + CO_3$		(B) $2ZnS + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2ZnO_2$	E				
_	(C) $ZnO + C \rightarrow Zn + CO$	)	(D) HCl + NaOH $\rightarrow$ NaO	$H + H_2O$				
Ans.	( )							
Sol.				vert them into their metal oxides.				
44.		in pancreatic juice for digest						
	(A) Lipase	(B) Trypsin	(C) Amylase	(D) Ptyalin				
Ans.	( )							
Sol.		zyme that digests proteins.		_				
<b>45</b> .		otosynthesis which of the foll	owing event does not occur	?				
	(A) Absorption of light end							
	(B) Conversion of light en							
	(C) Oxidation of carbon d							
	(D) Reduction of carbon of	lioxide to carbohydrates.						
Ans.								
Sol.	Carbon dioxide does not	get oxidized during photosyr	nthesis but it gets reduced to	carbohydrates.				
<b>46</b> .	-	carried by lymph which is di	-	ntestine?				
	(A) Fat	(B) Protein	(C) Minerals	(D) Carbohydrates				
Ans.	(A)							
Sol.	Lymph transports absorb							
47.		p-ordination are provided by						
	(A) Skeletal and Muscular		(B) Nervous and Connecti					
	(C) Muscular and Epitheli	ial tissue	(D) Nervous and Muscular	tissue				
Ans.								
Sol.		sue helps in control and co-	ordination of the body.					
<b>48</b> .	Which is the main thinkin							
	(A) Forebrain	(B) Midbrain	(C) Hind Brain	(D) Pons				
Ans.	(A)							
Sol.		s the part responsible for thin	-					
<b>49</b> .	Which hormone regulates	s metabolism for body growt	h?					
	(A) Adrenaline	(B) Thyroxine	(C) Growth hormone	(D) Insuline				
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )							
Sol.		lates metabolic rate of the bo						
<b>50</b> .	Find the power of a conc	ave lens of focal length 2m?						
	(A) – 0.5 D	(B) + 0.5 D	(C) – 4.0 D	(D) + 4.0 D				
Ans.	(A)							
Sol.	Focal length of concave l	ens f = -2 m						

	Power of lens $P = \frac{1}{f}$			
	$P = \frac{1}{(-2)} = -0.5 D$			
<b>51</b> .	The central point of a len			
•	(A) Centre of curvature	(B) Principal focus	(C) Optical centre	(D) Pole
Ans.		is known as optical contro		
Sol. 52.		s is known as optical centre rmal vision, what is the val		
02.	(A) 25 cm	(B) 25 mm	(C) 25 m	(D) 50 mm
Ans.				
Sol.	For a young adult with no	rmal vision, the value of lea	ast distance is 25 cm.	
<b>53</b> .	The idea that the sunlight	is made up of seven colour	s was given by?	
	(A) Einstein	(B) Newton	(C) Tyndall	(D) Dalton
Ans.				
Sol.	_	is made up of seven colour		
54.	(A) $6.25 \times 10^{19}$	electrons constituting one co (B) $1.6 \times 10^{19}$	(C) $6.25 \times 10^{20}$	(D) $6.25 \times 10^{18}$
Ans.	. ,	(D) 1.0 × 10	$(C) 0.23 \times 10$	$(D) 0.23 \times 10$
Sol.	$1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C is the charge	ge on 1 electron.		
	Therefore, 1 C is the char	ge on $\overline{(1.6 \times 10^{-19})}$ electro	ons or $6.25  imes 10^{18}$ electrons	5.
<b>55</b> .	If the value of resistance i	s doubled, the current gets		
	(A) halved	(D) 1		
	(A) haived	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
Ans.	(A)	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
Ans. Sol.	(A) According to Ohm's law,	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
	(A) According to Ohm's law, V= IR	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$	(B) doubled	(C) four times	(D) remains same
	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR V = $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ ∴ $I_{new} = I_{old}/2$			
Sol.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect	ted to 220 v generator. The	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W	the power of the bulb?
Sol.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W	ted to 220 v generator. The	current is 500 mA. What is	the power of the bulb?
Sol. 56. Ans.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W	current is 500 mA. What is	the power of the bulb?
Sol. 56. Ans.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V)$ ( $500 \times 10^{-1}$	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W	current is 500 mA. What is	the power of the bulb?
Sol. 56. Ans. Sol.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-1})$ P = 110 W	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A)	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W	the power of the bulb?
Sol. 56. Ans.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-1})$ P = 110 W What is the melting point	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A) of tungsten used for making	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W g bulb filaments?	the power of the bulb? (D) 500 W
Sol. 56. Ans. Sol. 57.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-1})$ P = 110 W What is the melting point (A) 3350 °C	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A)	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W	the power of the bulb?
Sol. 56. Ans. Sol. 57. Ans.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-5})$ P = 110 W What is the melting point (A) 3350 °C (B)	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A) of tungsten used for making (B) 3380 °C	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W g bulb filaments? (C) 3550 °C	the power of the bulb? (D) 500 W
Sol. 56. Ans. Sol. 57.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-1})$ P = 110 W What is the melting point of tungs The melting point of tungs	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A) of tungsten used for making	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W g bulb filaments? (C) 3550 °C ilaments is 3380 °C.	the power of the bulb? (D) 500 W
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Sol. 56. Ans. Sol. 57. Ans. Sol. 58. Ans. Sol.	(A) According to Ohm's law, V = IR $V = I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}R_{new}$ $I_{old}R_{old} = I_{new}(2R_{old})$ $\therefore I_{new} = I_{old}/2$ An electric bulb is connect (A) 120 W (C) P = VI $P = (220 V) (500 \times 10^{-1})$ P = 110 W What is the melting point (A) 3350 °C (B) The melting point of tung A solar typical cell can pro- (A) 0.4 W (D) A solar typical cell can pro-	ted to 220 v generator. The (B) 100 W <sup>3</sup> A) of tungsten used for making (B) 3380 °C sten used for making bulb f oduce about watt of (B) 0.5 W	current is 500 mA. What is (C) 110 W g bulb filaments? (C) 3550 °C ilaments is 3380 °C. of electricity. (C) 0.6 W ricity.	the power of the bulb? (D) 500 W (D) 3580 °C
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Ans.	(A)			
Sol.	The nuclear power reactor	r is situated in Kakrapar, Gu	ijarat.	
60.	Primary consumers form	trophic level.		
	(A) First	(B) Second	(C) Third	(D) Fourth
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )			
Sol.	Primary consumers e.g. he	erbivores forms the second	trophic level in the food ch	nain.
61.	Who were the first to arriv	ve in India for trade ?		
	(A) English	(B) Dutch	(C) Portuguese	(D) Danish
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
<b>62</b> .	In which treaty had the se	ed of World War -II been sc	wn?	
	(A) Frankfurt Treaty			
	(B) Treaty of Versailles			
	(C) Treaty of France and F	Britain		
	(D) Treaty of Germany and	d Hungary		
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )			
<b>63</b> .	Where is the head quarter	of 'International Court of J	ustice' situated ?	
	(A) Washington (America	a)	(B) Moscow (Russia)	
	(C) London (Britain)		(D) Hague (Netherlahd)	
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )			
<b>64</b> .	Who sorted out the issue of	of merging the Princely Stat	es in the Union of India ?	
	(A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Pa	atel	(B) Jawaharlal Nehru	
	(C) Mount Batten		(D) Chakravarti C. Raja	gopalachari
Ans.				
<b>65</b> .	-	ne United Nations been expl	lained	
	(A) In the manifesto of the			
	(B) In the human rights of			
		Jnited Nations' Security Co	uncil	
•	(D) In the preamble of the	United Nations' Charter		
Ans.	( )	0		
66.	What is the capital of Goa			
•	(A) Puducherry	(B) Mahe	(C) Panaji	(D) Karaikal
Ans.	(C)	the Constituent Assembly (		
67.		the Constituent Assembly		, d
	<ul><li>(A) Dr. Bhimrao Ambedl</li><li>(C) Kanaiyalal Munshi</li></ul>	KdI	<ul><li>(B) Dr- Rajendra Prasa</li><li>(D) Jawaharlal Nehru</li></ul>	10
Ans.			(D) Jawananan Nehru	
68.	• /	g of both the houses of the	narliament?	
00.	(A) Chairman of Loksabl	-	(B) Chairman of Rajyas	abha
	(C) Vice - President	na (opeaker)	(D) Prime Minister	aona
Ans.				
69.		ustice of the Supreme Cour	t ?	
05.	(A) Vice President	(B) President		(D) Governor
Ans.	. ,			
70.	What is India's rank in ter	ms ot area in the world?		
•	(A) Seventh	(B) Fifth	(C) Third	(D) Second
Ans.	. ,	· /	· /	( ) <b>3 · · ·</b>
	· /			

71.	Which type of soil is mostl (A) Red Soil	y mostly found in Gujarat? (B) Laterite Soil	(C) Black Soil	(D) Mountain Soil
Ans.	· · /			
72.		tance is there between two s	successive latitudes?	
	(A) 111 km	(B) 120 km	(C) 130 km	(D) 100 km
Ans.		(_ /	(-)	(_ )
73.	Where are Asiatic Lions fo	und?		
	(A) Gir (Gujarat)		(B) Kanha (Madhya Prade	esh)
	(C) Velavadar (Gujarat)		(D) Kaziranga (Assam)	
Ans.				
74.	What is the well - known of	lance of Tamil Nadu?		
74.	(A) Lavni Dance	(B) Kuchipudi	(C) Bhangda	(D) Bharat Natyam
Ans.		(D) Nachipudi	(C) Bhangda	(D) Dharar Natyani
<b>75</b> .	From where does the mon	soon begin in India?		
70.	(A) Mumbai	(B) Karnataka	(C) Kerala	(D) Andhra Pradesh
Ans.		(D) Hamataka	(C) Heraid	(D) Thidnia Fiddesh
76.	Where is the Kartik Poorni	ma Fair held ?		
70.	(A) Modhera	(B) Somnath	(C) Girnar	(D) Bahucharaji
Ans.				(D) Danacharaji
77.	( )	e colourful and emotional G	arbis of Lord Krishna's love	?
	(A) Narsinh Mehta	(B) Narmad	(C) Premanand	(D) Dayaram
Ans.		(_)	(-,	(- ))
78.	. ,	lia has mentioned the value	e of π (Pie)?	
	(A) Aryabhattiyam	(B) Aryasiddhanta	(C) Algebra	(D) Lilawati Ganit
Ans.				
<b>79</b> .	Between which two rivers	is Lothal situated ?		
	(A) Narmada and Tapi		(B) Shetrunji and Bhadar	
	(C) Bhogavo and Sabarm	ati	(D) Aji and Nari	
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
<b>80</b> .	How many lions are there	in the pillar of Sarnath ?		
	(A)Two	(B) Three	(C) Five	(D) Four
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )			
<b>81</b> .	Where is the famous ancie	ent sun temple of Gujarat sit	tuated ?	
	(A) Siddhpur	(B) Modhera	(C) Vadnagar	(D) Patan
Ans.				
<b>82</b> .	Which is the most ancient	book of Indian literature ?		
	(A) Samveda	(B) Yajurveda	(C) Rigveda	(D) Atharvaveda
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
<b>83</b> .		v patronized Vallabhi vidhya	=	
	(A) Maitrak Dynasty		(B) Maurya Dynasty	
	(C) Shrung Dynasty		(D) Gupta Dynasty	
Ans.				
<b>84</b> .		er of Mathematics' of India		
•	(A) Acharya Nagarjun	(B) Maharshi Charak	(C) Aryabhatt	(D) Maharshi Patanjali
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			

85.	Which sculpture of Elephanta is considered as one of the best sculptures which sculpture of Elephanta is considered as one of the best sculptures in the world ? (A) Smiling Lord Vishnu				
	(B) Trimurti (Brahma, Visl	nnu and Mahesh)			
	(C) Goddess Durga slaying	g Mahisasura			
	(D) Kailash Temple				
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )				
<b>86</b> .	Who built the step - well o	of Patan ?			
	(A) Queen Udaymati		(B) Mayanalladevi		
•	(C) Siddhraj Jaysingh		(D) Bhimdev-I		
Ans.	• •	11 1 1 1 1 1	1		
87.		onsible to look after the pres		nents ?	
	(A) Revenue Department		(B) Police Department	-1	
Ans.	(C) Public Works Departm	ent (PWD)	(D) Department of Archae	ology	
Ans. 88.	• •	covered by black soil out of	total area of India ?		
00.	(A) 43%	(B) 29%	(C) 15%	(D) 35%	
Ans.		( <b>D</b> ) <b>Z</b> ) /0	(0) 10 %		
<b>89</b> .		ally extincted from Gujarat	?		
	(A) Tiger	(B) Bear	(C) Deer	(D) Panther	
Ans.					
<b>90</b> .	In which area of Gujarat i	s dry farming carried out ?			
	(A) North Gujarat	(B) South Gujarat	(C) Kutch	(D) Bhal Region	
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )				
91.	What is the name of the c	rop grown during summer ?			
	(A) Rabi Crops	(B) Zaid Crops	(C) Kharif Crops	(D) Horticultural Crops	
Ans.	. ,				
<b>92</b> .		seeds has the highest conte			
	(A) Soyabean	(B) Groundnut	(C) Sesam/Til	(D) Castor	
Ans.	. ,				
<b>93</b> .		is the maximum iron obtain			
•	(A) Karnataka	(B) Orissa	(C) Jharkhand	(D) Chhattisgarh	
Ans. 94.		fuendation mouth in India	- 0		
94.	(A) $2.1\%$	of population growth in India (B) 2.3 %	(C) 2.4 %	(D) 1.9 %	
Ans.		(D) 2.3 /0	(C) 2.4 / 0	(D) 1.9 /0	
95.	• •	ts are fixed by the governme	ent?		
50.	(A) Cotton	(B) Petroleum Product	(C) Edible oil	(D) Tea	
Ans.	<b>、</b> ,			(2) 104	
<b>96</b> .	. ,	cept of Human Developmer	nt Index ?		
	(A) Amartya Sen	(B) Boyd Orr	(C) Arun Jaitley	(D) Dr.Hansaben Mehta	
Ans.	( , j				
97.	How many percentages re	servation provision has Guja	arat government made for w	vomen in government job?	
	(A) 30%	(B) 35%	(C) 38 %	(D) 33%	
Ans.	( <b>D</b> )				

<b>98</b> .	Who built the Red Fort of	Delhi?		
	(A) Babar	(B) Akbar	(C)Shahjahan	(D) Jahangir
Ans.	( <b>C</b> )			
<b>99</b> .	The index of which article	of the constitution includes	scheduled tribes ?	
	(A) Article-340	(B) Article - 342	(C) Article-330	(D) Article-335
Ans.	( <b>B</b> )			
100.	Who wrote 'Sangeet Makr	and'?		
	(A) Pt. Narad	(B) Pt. Saarang Dev	(C) Pt. Ahobale	(D) Taansen
Ans.	(A)			