

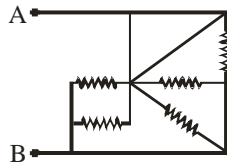
Date: 17/11/2019

Max. Marks: 100

SOLUTIONS

Time allowed: 120 mins

1. The circuit shown has 5 resistors of equal resistance R. Calculate equivalent resistances across points A and B.



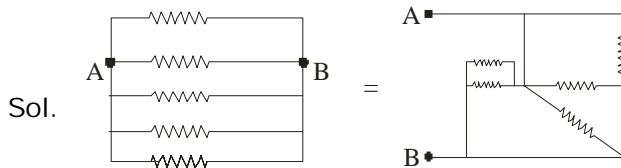
(1) $\frac{11R}{12}$

(2) $\frac{13R}{12}$

(3) $\frac{R}{5}$

(4) $\frac{15R}{6}$

Ans. (3)



$$\therefore R_{eq} = \frac{R}{5} \Omega$$

2. For an object thrown at 45° to horizontal, the maximum height (H) and horizontal range (R) are related as :
- (1) $R = 16 H$ (2) $R = 8 H$ (3) $R = 4 H$ (4) $R = 2 H$

Ans. (3)

Sol. for maximum range

$$R = \frac{u^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$$

$$R = \frac{u^2 \sin 90^\circ}{g}$$

$$R = \frac{u^2}{g}$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

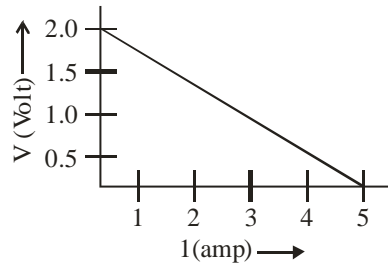
$$2\theta = 90^\circ$$

$$\sin 2\theta = \sin 90^\circ = 1$$

$$H = \frac{u^2 \sin^2(45)}{g} = \frac{u^2}{4g}$$

∴ $R = 4H$

3. For a cell, a graph is plotted between the potential difference V across the terminals of the cell and current I drawn from the cell (see fig.) the emf and internal resistance of the cell are E and r respectively, then :



(1) $E = 2V, r = 0.5\Omega$

(2) $E = 2V, r = 0.4\Omega$

(3) $E > 2V, r = 0.5\Omega$

(4) $E > 2V, r = 0.4\Omega$

Ans. (4)

Sol. $i = \frac{V}{R}$

∴ $R = \frac{V}{i}$

$= \frac{2}{5}$

$= 0.4\Omega$

$V = 2V$

∴ $E > 2V$

4. A simple pendulum has a time period T_1 when on the earth's surface and T_2 when taken to a height R above earth's surface, where R is the radius of the earth.

The value of ratio $\frac{T_2}{T_1}$ will be :

(1) 1 : 1

(2) $\sqrt{2} : 1$

(3) 4 : 1

(4) 2 : 1

Ans. (4)

Sol. $R_1 = R$

$R_2 = 2R$

$g_1 = \frac{GM}{R^2} = g$

$g_2 = \frac{GM}{(2R)^2}$

$= \frac{GM}{4R^2} = \frac{g}{4}$

$$T_1 = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} = T$$

$$T_2 = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g/4}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

$$= 2T$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = 2 : 1$$

5. Under the influence of a uniform magnetic field a charged particle is moving in a circle of radius R with constant speed v. The time period of the motion :

(1) Depends on both R and v

(2) Is independent of both R and v

(3) Depends on R but not on v

(4) Depends on v but not on r

Ans. (2)

Sol. velocity, $v = \frac{2\pi R}{t} \Rightarrow t = \frac{2\pi R}{v}$ (i)

magnetic force = centripetal force

$$Bqv = \frac{mv^2}{R} \Rightarrow v = \frac{BqR}{m}$$
(ii)

after substituting value of v in equation (ii)

$$t = \frac{2\pi m}{Bq}$$

6. Two wires A and B have lengths 40 cm and 30 cm respectively. A is bent as a circle of radius r and B into an arc of radius r. A current I_1 is passed through A and I_2 through B. To have same magnetic field at the centre, the ratio of $I_1 : I_2$ is

(1) 3 : 4

(2) 3 : 5

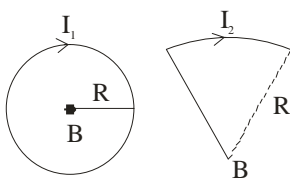
(3) 2 : 3

(4) 4 : 3

Ans. (1)

Sol. Given, $l_1 = 40$ cm, $l_2 = 30$ cm,

$$R = \frac{40}{2\pi} I_2 = \phi R \Rightarrow \phi = \frac{l_2}{R} = \frac{30}{\left(\frac{40}{2\pi}\right)} = \frac{2\pi \times 3}{4}$$



According to given

$$B_1 = B_2$$

$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I_1}{2R}, B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I_2 \cdot \phi}{4\pi R}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_1 = \frac{I_2 \cdot \phi}{2\pi} \Rightarrow \frac{I_1}{I_2} = \frac{2\pi \times 3}{4 \times 2\pi} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\boxed{I_1 : I_2 = 3 : 4}$$

7. A machine gun fires a bullet of mass 40 gram at a speed of 1200 ms^{-1} . The man holding it can exert a maximum force of 144 N on the gun. How many bullets can he fire per second at the most ?

- (1) One (2) Four (3) Two (4) Three

Ans. (4)

Sol. Given, $F = 144\text{N}$, $m = 40 \text{ gm}$ $v = 1200 \text{ m/s}$

In 1 sec 'n' bullets will fire

$$\text{then, } F = \frac{\Delta P}{t} \Rightarrow F = \frac{mv}{(1/n)} \Rightarrow F = n(mv)$$

$$\Rightarrow 144 = n(40 \times 10^{-2} \times 1200)$$

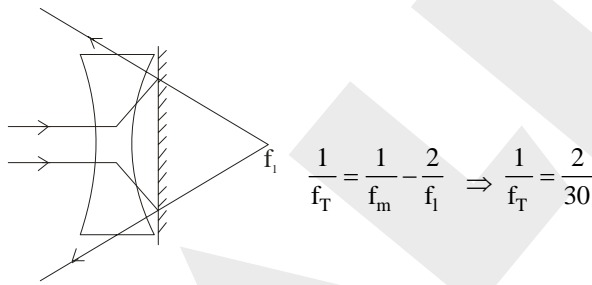
$$\Rightarrow \boxed{n = 3}$$

8. A concave lens of focal length 30cm placed in contact with a plane mirror acts as a ;

- (1) Convex mirror of focal length 60 cm
 (2) Convave mirror of focal length 15 cm
 (3) Convex mirror of focal length 15 cm
 (4) Convave mirror of focal length 60 cm

Ans. (3)

Sol.



$$\frac{1}{f_T} = \frac{1}{f_m} - \frac{2}{f_1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{f_T} = \frac{2}{30}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{f_T} = \frac{1}{\infty} - \frac{2}{(-30)}$$

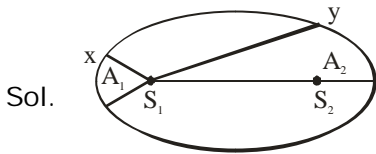
$$\boxed{f_T = 15\text{cm}}$$

convex mirror of focal length 15 cm

9. A comet orbits the sun in elliptical orbit. Which of the following is constant throughout its orbit ?

- (1) Linear speed (2) Angular momentum
 (3) Angular speed (4) Potential energy

Ans. (2)



for any stable orbit
 τ (torque) = 0

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = 0 \quad (L = \text{Angular momentum} = mvr)$$

$L = \text{constant}$

Angular momentum is constant

10. Rainbow is formed due to a combination of :

- (1) Dispersion and total internal reflection
- (2) Refraction and absorption
- (3) Dispersion and interference
- (4) Scattering and dispersion

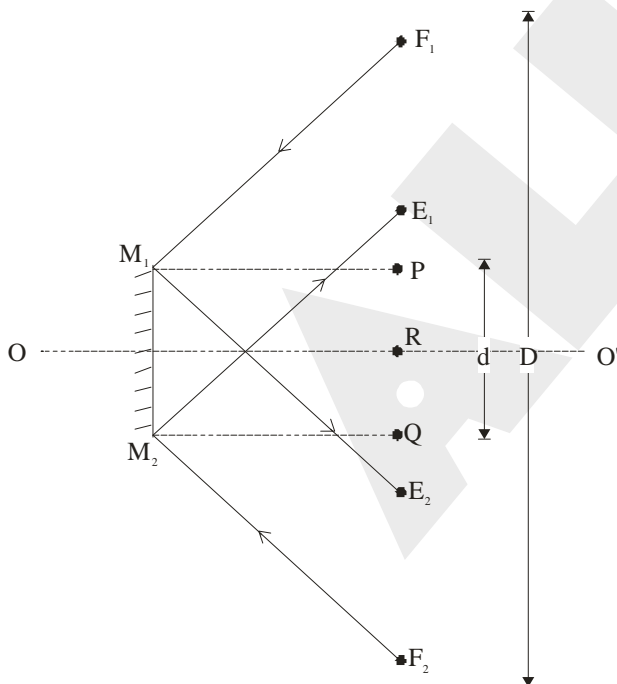
Ans. (1)

11. A person has D cm wide face and his two eyes are separated by d cm. the minimum width (in cm) of a mirror required for the person to view his complete face is :

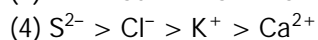
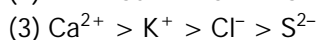
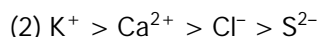
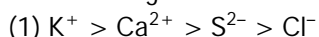
- (1) $\frac{D+d}{2}$
- (2) $\frac{D-d}{4}$
- (3) $\frac{D+d}{4}$
- (4) $\frac{D-d}{2}$

Ans. (4)

Sol.



15. The following is the correct decreasing order of the ionic radii -



Ans. (4)

Sol. For an Isoelectronic series increasing in positive charge leads to decrease in size and increase in negative charge leads to increase in size.

16. The high density of water as compared to ice is due to

(1) Hydrogen bond interaction

(2) Dipole - dipole interaction

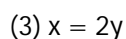
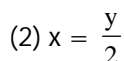
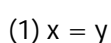
(3) Dipole - induced dipole interaction

(4) Induced dipole - induced dipole interaction

Ans. (1)

Sol. Due to polar nature water molecules are held together by intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

17. Equal volume of molar hydrochloric acid and sulphuric acid are neutralized by dilute NaOH solution and x Kcal and y Kcal of heat are liberated. Which of the following is true ?

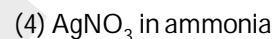
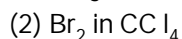
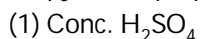


(4) None of these

Ans. (2)

Sol. One mole of H^+ and OH^- release 57.1 kJ energy. In case of H_2SO_4 , 2 mole of H^+ and OH^- ion will neutralize.

18. Propyne and propane can be distinguished by-

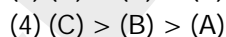
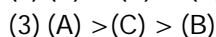
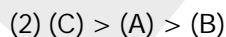
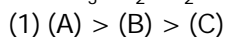
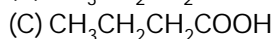
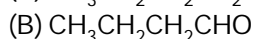
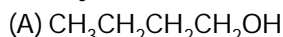


Ans. (2)

Sol. Br_2 in CCl_4

Bromine is used to distinguish saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons

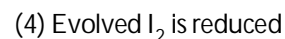
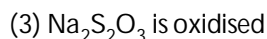
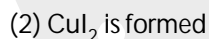
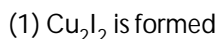
19. Identify the correct order of boiling points of the following compounds-



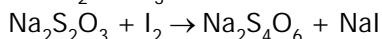
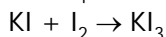
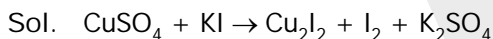
Ans. (2)

Sol. Because of higher molecular weight carboxylic acid has highest boiling point than alcohol and alcohol has higher boiling point than aldehyde.

20. Excess of KI reacts with $CuSO_4$ solution and then $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution is added to it. Which of the following statements is incorrect ?

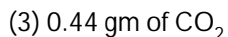
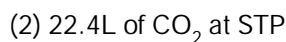
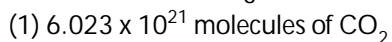


Ans. (2)



all other options are correct

21. Which of the following contains maximum number of atoms-



(4) None of these

Ans. (2)

Sol. Option 1 contains $3 \times 6.022 \times 10^{21}$
 Option 2 contains $3 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$
 Option 3 contains $3 \times 6.022 \times 10^{21}$
 so option 2 is correct

22. Elimination of hydrogen bromide from 2-bromobutane results in the formation of-
 (1) Predominantly 1-butene (2) Predominantly 2-butyne
 (3) Equimolar mixture of 1-butene and 2-butene (4) Predominantly 2-butene

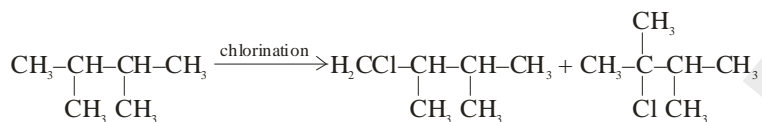
Ans. (4)

Sol. According to Saytzeff's rule, which states that when two alkenes may be formed, the alkene which is most substituted one predominates and therefore option 4 that is 2-butene predominates.

23. Of the isomeric hexanes, the isomer which can give two monochlorinated compounds is -
 (1) 2, 2-dimethyl butane (2) 2-methyl pentane
 (3) n-hexane (4) 2, 3-dimethyl butane

Ans. (4)

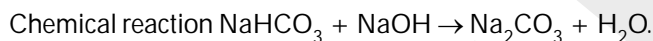
Sol. 2, 3-dimethyl butane contains only two types of H-atoms. Hence, only 2 mono chlorinated compounds are formed.



24. Which of the following pair of compounds cannot exist together in a solution ?
 (1) Na_2CO_3 and NaHCO_3 (2) Na_2CO_3 and NaOH
 (3) NaHCO_3 and NaOH (4) NaHCO_3 and NaCl

Ans. (3)

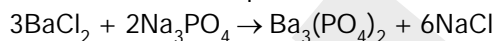
Sol. They both undergo chemical reaction and therefore cannot exist together in solution NaHCO_3 is an acidic salt while NaOH is a base.



25. If 0.50 moles of BaCl_2 is mixed with 0.20 moles of Na_3PO_4 , the maximum number of moles of $\text{Ba}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$, the maximum number of moles of $\text{Ba}(\text{PO}_4)_2$ formed will be -
 (1) 0.70 (2) 0.50 (3) 0.20 (4) 0.10

Ans. (4)

Sol. Balanced chemical equation:



3 moles of BaCl_2 react with 2 moles of Na_3PO_4 to give 1 mole of $\text{Ba}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$

0.5 moles of BaCl_2 will react with $\frac{2}{3} \times 0.5 = 0.33$ moles of Na_3PO_4 . Available moles of $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4 = 0.2$ (L.R.)

Now, 2 moles of Na_3PO_4 give 1 mole of $\text{Ba}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$

So, 0.2 moles of Na_3PO_4 will give $\frac{2}{3} \times 0.2 = 0.1$ mole of $\text{Ba}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$

26. During electrolytic production of aluminium, the carbon anodes are replaced from time to time because -
 (1) The carbon anodes get decayed
 (2) The carbon prevents atmospheric oxygen in contact with aluminium
 (3) Oxygen liberated at the carbon anode reacts with anode to form CO_2
 (4) Carbon converts Al_2O_3 to Al

Ans. (3)

Sol. This is because the carbon anodes are being consumed during the electrolysis process forming CO_2 . Thus, as the reaction proceeds, the anode needs to be lowered as it is consumed and at some point, it will be replaced to ensure that the current collectors are not in contact with the electrolyte.

27. A plant cell, an animal cell and bacterial cell share the following structure features -

- (1) Cell membrane, Endoplasmic reticulum and Vacuole
- (2) Cell wall, Plasma membrane, Mitochondria
- (3) Cell wall, Nucleus and Cytoplasm
- (4) Plasma membrane, Cytoplasm, Ribosome

Ans. (4)

Sol. Prokaryotic cells lack membrane-bound organelles.

28. The average temperature of earth is fairly stable as compared to the moon. this is because of -

- (1) Biosphere
- (2) Lithosphere
- (3) Atmosphere
- (4) None of the above

Ans. (3)

Sol. Atmosphere is a blanket of gases that keeps temperature of earth stable.

29. Which of the following statement is true about the "Law of Segregation".

- (1) Law of Segregation is the law of purity of genes
- (2) Alleles separates form each other during gamete to genesis
- (3) Segregation of factors is due to segregation of chromosomes during Meiosis
- (4) All of the above

Ans. (4)

Sol. All of the above statements explain law of segregation.

30. Most fishes do not sink in water due to the presence of

- (I) Swim bladder
 - (II) Air bladder
 - (III) Air sacs
 - (IV) Air in spongy bones
- (1) I & II are correct
 - (2) II & III are correct
 - (3) III & IV are correct
 - (4) I, II & III are correct

Ans. (1)

Sol. Swim bladders and air bladders help fishes to control their buoyancy.

31. In most mammals testis are situated outside of the abdominal cavity, because -

- (1) More number of sperms are produced in scrotal sac
- (2) Longivity of sperm is enhanced
- (3) Sperm in scrotal sac requires lesser temperature for efficient fertilization
- (4) Sperm in scrotal sac and bigger

Ans. (3)

Sol. Spermatogenesis requires temperature $2-3^\circ\text{C}$ lesser than body temperature.

32. The gene for the genetic disease "Haemophilia" is present on the 'X' chromosome. If a haemophilic male marries a normal female, what would be the probability of their son being haemophilic.

- (1) 50%
- (2) 100%
- (3) Nil
- (4) 3 : 1

Ans. (3)

Sol. None of their son will be haemophilic. Haemophilia is an X-linked recessive disease.

Haemophilic male X Normal female

X^hY X XX

$\frac{X^hX}{\text{carrier}}$ $\frac{X^hX}{\text{normal}}$ $\frac{XY}{\text{normal}}$ $\frac{XY}{\text{normal}}$

[as gene is present on X-chromosome all male (sons) are normal and females are carrier]

33. Populations are said to be sympatric when -

- (1) Two populations are physically isolated by a natural barrier
- (2) They live together and freely interbreed to produce sterile offsprings
- (3) Two populations share the same area/environment but do not interbreed
- (4) Two populations are isolated, but occasionally come together to interbreed

Ans. (3)

Sol. Sympatric speciation in the evolution of a new species from a surviving ancestral species while both continue to inhabit the same geographic region.

34. Pollen grain of a plant ($2n = 28$) are cultured to produce callus tissues by tissue culture methods. What would be the chromosome number in the cells of callus.

- (1) 28
- (2) 21
- (3) 14
- (4) 56

Ans. (3)

Sol. Pollen grain is haploid i.e. (n)

where $2n = 28$; then $n = 14$

Thus tissue culture will result in all haploid cells = $n = 14$

35. Cells vary in their size. Arrange the following cells in an ascending order of their size and select the correct option among the following.

- (I) Mycoplasma
- (II) Ostrich egg
- (III) Human RBC
- (IV) Bacteria

- (1) I, IV, III, II
- (2) I, II, III, IV
- (3) II, I, III, IV
- (4) III, I, II, IV

Ans. (1)

Sol. According to size

smallest is - Mycoplasma

- Bacteria
- RBC (Human)
- Ostrich egg

36. Many elements are found in living organisms either free or in the form of compounds. One of the following is not found in living organisms.

- (1) Magnesium
- (2) Iron
- (3) Sodium
- (4) Silicon

Ans. (4)

Silicon is not found in living organisms.

37. During photosynthesis one CO_2 molecule is fixed through Calvin Cycle. This process requires -

- (1) One ATP and Two NADPH_2
- (2) Two ATP and Two NADPH_2
- (3) Three ATP and Two NADPH_2
- (4) Two ADP and One NADPH_2

Ans. (3)

Sol. According to Calvin cycle energetics, it uses 18 ATP and 12 NADPH_2 molecule to produce 1 glucose molecule.

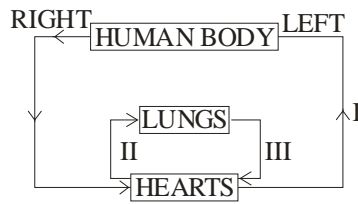
38. A piece of DNA contains a total of 1200 nucleotides out of which 200 are adenine bases. How many cytosine bases are present in this segment of DNA.

- (1) 200
- (2) 400
- (3) 600
- (4) 100

Ans. (2)

Sol. According to Chargaff's rule, $A + G = C + T$.

39. Figure below reflects the blood circulation system in the human body.



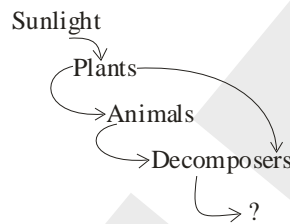
Which of the path contains oxygenated blood.

- (1) I & II only (2) II & III only (3) I & III only (4) I, II & III all

Ans. (3)

Sol. Oxygenated blood flows from
 - heart to body (through aorta)
 - lungs to heart (through p. vein)

40. The following diagram shown a simple version of energy flow through food web.



What happens to energy having the decomposers ?

- (1) It is used by the decomposers itself
 (2) It is reflected form the surface of earth
 (3) It is lost as heat
 (4) It is used in natural Biocomposting

Ans. (4)

Sol. Decomposers break dead & decaying matter on releasing nutrients into soil, which are then recycled.

41. The unit digit in the expression $55^{725} + 73^{5810} + 22^{853}$ is -

- (1) 0 (2) 4 (3) 5 (4) 6

Ans. (4)

Sol. $55^{725} + 73^{5810} + 22^{853}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 5 & + & 3^2 & + & 2^1 \end{array}$$

$$5 + 9 + 12 = 16$$

unit digit = 6

42. The value of $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{36} + \frac{7}{144} + \dots + \frac{17}{5184} + \frac{19}{8100}$ is

- (1) 0.95 (2) 0.98 (3) 0.99 (4) 1

Ans. (3)

Sol. $1 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{16} + \dots + \frac{1}{81} - \frac{1}{100}$
 $= 1 - \frac{1}{100} = 0.99$

43. For real y , the number of solutions of the equation $\sqrt{y+3} + \sqrt{y} = 1$ is

- (1) 0 (2) 1 (3) 2 (4) 4

Ans. (1)

Sol. $\sqrt{y+3} + \sqrt{y} = 1$

$\therefore \sqrt{y+3} = 1 - \sqrt{y}$ Put $y = 1$

$y+3 = 1+y-2\sqrt{y}$ LHS \neq RHS

$-1 = \sqrt{y}$

no. of solution = 0

44. The polynomial, $f(x) = (x-1)^2 + (x-2)^2 + (x-3)^2 + (x-4)^2$ has minimum value, when $x = \dots\dots$

- (1) 40 (2) 20 (3) 10 (4) 2.5

Ans. (4)

Sol. $f(x) = (x-1)^2 + (x-2)^2 + (x-3)^2 + (x-4)^2 \dots\dots$

$f(x) = 2(x-1) + 2(x-2) + 2(x-3) + 2(x-4) = 0$

$x = 2.5$

45. If the roots of the equation $x^2 + 2px + q = 0$ and $x^2 + 2qx + p = 0$ differ by a constant and $p \neq q$, then the value of $p + q$ is

- (1) -1 (2) 1 (3) 2 (4) None of these

Ans. (1)

Sol. $x^2 + 2px + q = 0$

\Rightarrow roots are α and β

$\alpha + \beta = -2p$

$\alpha\beta = q$

\Rightarrow roots are $\alpha + c$ and $\beta + c$

$\alpha + \beta + 2c = -2q$

\Rightarrow from equations

$c = p - q$

$x^2 + 2px + p = 0$

$(\alpha + c)(\beta + c) = p$

$c(c - 2p) = p - q$

$(p - q)(p - q - 2p) = p - q$

$-(p + q) = 1$

$p + q = -1$

46. If $\sin\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$, then $\cos^{12}\theta + 3\cos^{10}\theta + 3\cos^8\theta + \cos^6\theta = \dots\dots\dots$

- (1) $\sin\theta$ (2) $\cos\theta$ (3) 0 (4) 1

Ans. (4)

Sol. $\sin\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$

$$\sin\theta = \cos^2\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow &= \cos^{12}\theta + 3\cos^8\theta + 3\cos^{10}\theta + \cos^6\theta \\ &= \cos^6\theta [\cos^6\theta + 3\cos^4\theta + 3\cos^2\theta + 1] \\ &= \sin^3\theta [\sin^3\theta + 3\sin^2\theta + 3\sin\theta + 1] \\ &= \sin^3\theta (\sin\theta + 1)^3 \\ &= \sin^3\theta (\sin\theta + 1)^3 \\ &= (\sin^2\theta + \sin\theta)^3 \\ &= 1^3 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

47. From a bag containing 100 tickets numbered 1, 2, 3,, 100 one ticket is drawn. If the number on this ticket is

x , then the probability that $x + \frac{1}{x} > 2$ is.

- (1) 0 (2) 0.99 (3) 1 (4) None of these

Ans. (2)

Sol. $A.M \geq G.M$

$$\frac{x + \frac{1}{x}}{2} \geq \left(x \times \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} \geq 2$$

So for $x = 1$

$$\frac{x+1}{x} = 2$$

for $1 < x \leq 100$

$$\frac{x+1}{x} > 2$$

so 99 possibilities

$$p = \frac{99}{100} = 0.99$$

48. For which value of K the system of equations $3x + y = 1$ and $(2k - 1)x + (k - 1)y = (2k + 1)$ has no solution

- (1) -2 (2) +2 (3) -3 (4) +3

Ans. (2)

Sol. $\frac{a_1}{b_1} = \frac{a_2}{b_2}$

$$\frac{3}{2k-1} = \frac{1}{k-1}$$

$$3k - 3 = 2k - 1$$

$\therefore k = 2$

49. If the vertices of a triangle are (1, 2), (4, -6) and (3, 5) then

- (1) Triangle is right angled
- (2) The area of triangle is 12.5 sq. units
- (3) The points do not form a triangle
- (4) None of these

Ans. (2)

Sol. A(1, 2), B(4, -6), C(3, 5)

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & -6 & 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

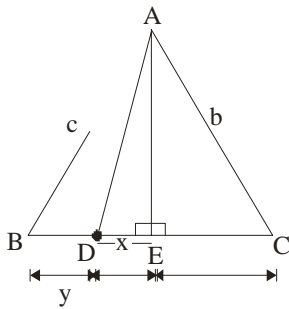
A = 12.5 sq. unit

50. In a ΔABC , D is the mid-point of BC and E is the foot of the perpendicular drawn from A on BC. If $ED = x$, $AD = p$, $AE = h$ and $BC = a$, then $2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2 = \dots\dots$

- (1) p^2
- (2) $2p^2$
- (3) $4p^2$
- (4) None of these

Ans. (3)

Sol.



Let $BC = 2y = a$

$DE = x$

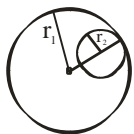
$$\begin{aligned} 2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2 &= 2[h^2 + (y - x)^2] + 2[h^2 + (y + x)^2] - (2y)^2 \\ &= 4h^2 + 4y^2 + 4x^2 - 4y^2 \\ &= 4(h^2 + x^2) \\ &= 4p^2 \end{aligned}$$

51. Two circles of radii r_1 cm and r_2 cm ($r_1 > r_2$) touches each other internally. The sum of their areas is πA^2 cm² and the distance between their centres is d cm, then -

- (1) $A > d$
- (2) $A < d$
- (3) $A\sqrt{2} > d$
- (4) $A > \sqrt{2}d$

Ans. (1)

Sol.



sum of area of two circle

$$\pi r_1^2 + \pi r_2^2 = \pi A^2$$

$$r_1^2 + r_2^2 = A^2$$

and $r_1 - r_2 = d$

squaring both side

$$r_1^2 + r_2^2 - 2r_1r_2 = d^2$$

$$A^2 = d^2 + 2r_1r_2$$

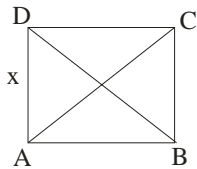
so that

$$A^2 > d^2$$

$$A > d$$

52. ABCD is a rectangle such that $AC + AB = 5 AD$ and $AC - AD = 8$, then the area of rectangle ABCD is
 (1) 36 sq. units (2) 50 sq. units (3) 60 sq. units (4) Cannot be found

Ans. (3)



Sol.

let $AD = x$

$$AC = x + 8$$

In $\triangle ABD$ by pythagoras then

$$AB^2 = BD^2 - AD^2$$

$$= (x + 8)^2 - x^2 = (8)(2x + 8)$$

$$AB^2 = 16(x + 4)$$

$$AB = 4\sqrt{x+4}$$

$$AB + AC = 5AD$$

$$4\sqrt{x+4} + x + 8 = 5(x)$$

$$4\sqrt{x+4} = 4x - 8$$

$$\sqrt{x+4} = x - 2$$

squaring both side

$$x + 4 = x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$x^2 - 5x = 0$$

$$x = 5 \text{ or } (x \neq 0)$$

$$AB = 4\sqrt{5+4} = 4 \times 3 = 12$$

$$AD = 5$$

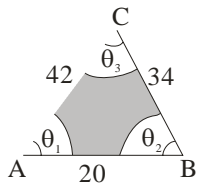
$$\text{are } AB \times AD = 12 \times 5 = 60$$

53. A triangular field, having grass, has sides 20m, 34m and 42m respectively. Three horses are tied to each of the vertices with a rope of length 7m, each . The horses start grazing the field. The area of the portion of the field that is ungrazed by the horses ism²

- (1) 250 (2) 255 (3) 258 (4) 259

Ans. (4)

Sol.



$$s = \frac{20 + 34 + 42}{2} = \frac{96}{2} = 48$$

$$\Delta = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{48(48-20)(48-34)(48-42)}$$

$$= \sqrt{48 \times 28 \times 14 \times 6} = 14 \times 6 \times 4$$

$$= 336 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{area of sector} = \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2$$

area of shaded = area of Δ - area of 3 sector
 area of ΔABC by heron's formula

$$\text{area of shaded} = 336 - \left(\frac{\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3}{360} \right) \times \pi r^2$$

$$= 336 - \frac{180}{360} \pi \times 7^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 336 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7$$

$$= 336 - 77$$

$$\Rightarrow 259 \text{ m}^2$$

54. A cube of side 12 cm, is painted blue of all the faces and then cut into smaller cubes each of side 3 cm. The total number of smaller cubes having none of their faces painted blue will be.

(1) 8

(2) 12

(3) 16

(4) 24

Ans. (1)

Sol. Total no of cube of 3 cm side = 64

$$(n = 4)$$

$$\text{no of cube having none of their a face painted} = (n - 2)^3$$

$$= 8 \text{ cube}$$

55. The ratio of the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ is same as the ratio of the roots of the equation $px^2 + qx + r = 0$. If D_1 and D_2 are the discriminants of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ and $px^2 + qx + r = 0$ respectively then $D_1 : D_2 =$

(1) $\frac{a^2}{p^2}$

(2) $\frac{b^2}{q^2}$

(3) $\frac{c^2}{r^2}$

(4) None of these

Ans. (2)

Sol. Let α, β are root of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
and γ, δ are root of $px^2 + qx + r = 0$

difference of root = $\alpha - \beta = \sqrt{(\alpha + \beta)^2 - 4\alpha\beta}$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{D}}{a}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\beta} = \frac{\gamma}{\delta}$$

by componendo & dividendo

$$\frac{\alpha - \beta}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{\gamma - \delta}{\gamma + \delta}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{D_1}}{a}}{\frac{-b}{a}} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{D_2}}{p}}{\frac{-q}{p}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{D_1}{D_2}} = \frac{b}{q} \Rightarrow \frac{D_1}{D_2} = \frac{b^2}{q^2}$$

56. A conical shaped container, whose radius of base is r cm and height is h cm, is full of water. A sphere of radius R is completely immersed in the container in such a way that the surface of sphere touches the base of the cone and its surfaces. The portion of water which comes out of the cone is

(1) $\frac{R^2}{r^2h}$

(2) $\frac{r^2}{R^2h}$

(3) $\frac{4R^2}{r^2h}$

(4) $\frac{4r^2}{R^2h}$

Ans. (NA)

Sol. Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$

volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h$

portion of water which come out from the cone = $\frac{\text{volume of sphere}}{\text{volume of cone}}$

$$= \frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3}{\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h} = \frac{4R^3}{r^2h}$$

57. The arithmetic mean of 10 observations is 12.45. If each reading is increased by 5 then the resulting mean is increased by

- (1) 5 (2) 29 (3) 0.5 (4) 50

Ans. (1)

Sol. Arithmetic mean

If a every observation increase by a fixed number, the mean also increase by that number

58. 20 women can do a job in 20 days. After each day one woman is replaced by aman or a boy alternatively, starting with a man. A man is twice efficient and a boy is half efficient as a woman. The job gets completed on day.

- (1) 16th (2) 18th (3) 20th (4) 24th

Ans. (2)

Sol. day 1 total work = $\frac{1}{400} = \frac{40}{800}$

day 2 total work = $\frac{19}{400} + \frac{1}{200} = \frac{42}{800}$

day 3 total work = $\frac{18}{400} + \frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{800} = \frac{41}{800}$

day 4 total work = $\frac{43}{800}$

so numerator follow this form

40, 42, 41, 43, 42, 44,

so we have 2 AP

40, 41, 42, and 42, 43, = 4 n term

sum AP₁ + sum AP₂ = 800

so that no. of term should be = 18

59. In ΔABC , $\angle A = 90^\circ$ and points D and E divide BC into three equal parts. If $3AC^2 + 5AB^2 = p AE^2$ then p =

- (1) 2 (2) 4 (3) 6 (4) 8

Ans. (NA)

60. The mode of observations 7, 12, 8, 5, 6, 4, 9, 10, 8, 9, 7, 9, 6, 5, 9 is

- (1) 7 (2) 8 (3) 9 (4) 12

Ans. (3)

Sol.

Obsorvation	Freq.
7	2
12	1
8	2
5	2
6	2
4	1
9	4
10	1

Mode = 9

61. Mazzini, the founder of young Italy, conducted the slogan
 (I) God (II) The revolutionaries
 (III) People (IV) Italy
 (1) I, II and III (2) I, II and IV (3) I, III and IV (4) II, III and IV
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Mazzini founded young Italy. He believed that god has intended nations to be the natural of mankind.
62. The credit for Unification of Italy goes to -
 (I) Cavour (II) Mazzini (III) Markham (IV) Garibaldi
 (1) I, II and IV (2) I, II and III (3) I, III and IV (4) II, III and IV
 Ans. (1)
 Sol. Markhan is the name of Italian ethnic.
63. Which of the following statements relating to Russian Revolution are correct ?
 (I) The rule of Czar Nicholas II was oppressive (II) Czar was under the influence of his minister Plehve
 (III) The minorities sided with the Czar (IV) Russian Revolution occurred only in March 1917
 (1) I and III (2) I and IV (3) I and II (4) II and III
 Ans. (1)
 Sol. Plehve was the Russian minister of interior Russia revolution was occurred in 1905 & 1917.
64. Lening finally stressed upon -
 (I) Nationalisation of industries (II) Collective farms
 (III) Controlled Capitalism (IV) War Communism
 (1) I, II and IV (2) II, III and IV (3) III and IV (4) II and III
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Lening gave stressed upon controlled capitalism & war communism.
65. Which one of these constitute Indo China ?
 (I) Vietnam (II) Philippines (III) Laos (IV) Combodia
 (1) I, II and III (2) I, III and IV (3) II, III and IV (4) III and IV
 Ans. (2)
 Sol. Philipines was not in Indo-china.
66. Triple Entente, 1907 comprised of -
 (I) Britain (II) Russia (III) Italy (IV) France
 (1) I, II and IV (2) I, III and IV (3) I, II and III (4) II, III and IV
 Ans. (1)
 Sol. Italy was on the side of Triple Alliance.
67. Triple Alliance, 1882 comprised of -
 (I) Germany (II) Austria (III) Italy (IV) Turkey
 (1) I, II and III (2) I, III and IV (3) II, III and IV (4) I, II and IV
 Ans. (1)
 Sol. Ottoman turkey joined alliance but it was joined in 1915.
68. Hind Swaraj was written by which by which writer?
 (1) Vallabh Bhai Patel (2) M.K. Gandhi (3) Raja Gopalachari (4) Tej Bahadur Sapru
 Ans. (2)
 Sol. Mahatma Gandhi wrote Hind Swaraj in 1909.
69. Mahatma Gandhi determined to stop which movement after chauri chaura incident?
 (1) Champaran Satyagrah (2) Khilafat movement
 (3) Non Co-operation Movement (4) Civil Disobedience Movement
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. After the violent protest at chauri chaura in 1921 Gandhiji stopped NCM.

70. Lahore Conference of Indian National Congress in 1929 declared independence under the Presidentship of which Leader?
 (1) Moti Lal Nehru (2) Jawahar Lal Nehru
 (3) Subhash Chandra Bose (4) Lala Lajpat Rai
- Ans. (2)
- Sol. Lohore congress of Indian National conference was held under Presidentship of Jawahar Lal Nehru.
71. Henry Patullo, an officer of East India Company was of the view -
 (1) Indians do not repara cloth (2) Indians should be banned to prepare cloth
 (3) Indian cloth is the best in the world (4) Indian cloth is not better than that of England
- Ans. (3)
- Sol. Henry Patullo was an English citizen who came to India & predicted that the demand for Indian textiles could never reduce because of its fine quality.
72. Printing Press was introduced to India for the first time in the 16th Century by which missionary -
 (1) French (2) Dutch (3) British (4) Portuguese
- Ans. (4)
- Sol. The printing press first came to Goa with portueguese missionaries.
73. Identify the crop which is cultivated in the tropical highlands of India and grows well particularly on the laterite soils of Karanataka and Tamilnadu.
 (1) Groundnut (2) Cotton (3) Coffee (4) None ofthese
- Ans. (3)
- Sol. Coffee grows well in highland of Karanataka and Tamilandu.
74. Agricultural forestry is mainly practised in which state of India?
 (1) Jharkhand (2) Haryana (3) Rajasthan (4) Uttrakhand
- Ans. (2)
- Sol. Agroforestry is a land use management system in which trees are grown around pastureland of Haryana.
75. Which of the following is the most recent mountain ranges?
 (1) Eastern Ghat (2) Western Ghat (3) Satpura Series (4) Shillong Series
- Ans. (4)
- Sol. Shillong series is the youngest or recent mountain ranges.
76. Shimoga mines is famous for :
 (1) Iron ore (2) Gold (3) Manganese (4) Petroleum
- Ans. (2)
- Sol. Deccan gold mines, the country's only listed gold exploration company located at shimoga
77. The headquater of newly formed Sourthern Coastal Railway Zone of India is located at :
 (1) Vishakhapatnam (2) Kakinada (3) Hyderabad (4) Masulipatanam
- Ans. (1)
- Sol. The newly formed southern coastal railway zone at Vishakhapatnam announced in 2019.
78. Arrange the given mountain ranges from North to Sourth in direction.
 (I) Karakoram (II) Ladakh (III) Zaskar (IV) Pir Pinjal
 (1) I, II, III, IV (2) II, I, IV, III (3) II, III, I, IV (4) IV, III, II, I
- Ans. (1)
- Sol. Karakoram continues into Pakistan and Chian to the southern zaskar range, then ladakh & to south lies pir panjal ranges.
79. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
 (I) Himalaya mountain – Tertiary Fold Mountain
 (II) Deccan Trap – Volcanic Eruption
 (III) Western Ghats – Paleozoic Fold Mountain
 (IV) Aravali Mountain – Pre-Cambrian Relict Mountain
 (1) Only I (2) I & II (3) Only III (4) Only IV

Ans. (3)

Sol. Western ghate are also known as sahyadri meaning, The Benovalent mountains.

80. A person wants to visit the national parks of Kanha, Kaziranga and Dudhwa located in different states of India. In which of the following states he is not required to move in this connection.

- (1) Madhya Pradesh (2) Uttrakhand (3) Assam (4) Uttar Pradesh

Ans. (2)

Sol. Uttarakhand where Jim Corbett national Park Situated.

81. Which of the following is the correct descending order of soils of India according to their coverage area?

- (1) Alluvial, Red, Laterite, Black (2) Black, Alluvial, Red, Laterite
(3) Alluvial, Black, Red, Laterite (4) Alluvial, Laterite, Black, Red

Ans. (1)

Sol. Alluvial - 45.6, Blank - 16.6, Red - 16.6 Laterite - 6.4%

82. Match List-I (Tribes) with List-II (States) and select the correct answer using the codes given below.

List-I (Tribes)

List-II (State)

A. Bodo

I. Nagaland

B. Naga

II. Andaman Islands

C. Jarawa

III. Assam

D. Mina

IV. Rajasthan

- (1) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I (2) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I (3) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV (4) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV

Ans. (3)

Sol. Bodo Tribe in Assam, Naga in Nagaland, Jarwa in Andaman & Nicobar and & Mina in Rajasthan.

83. Which of the following rivers meet Ganga from South direction in Bihar ?

- A. Kosi B. Son C. Gandak D. Ghaghra
(1) A and B (2) B and C (3) Only D (4) Only B

Ans. (4)

Sol. Son is only the river which flow in south of Bihar join Ganga.

84. Match List-I (Hydroelectric Plant) with List-II (River) and select the correct answer using the codes given below.

List-I (Hydroelectric Plant)

List-II (River)

A. Bhakra

I. Beas

B. Pong

II. Periyar

C. Salal

III. Satluj

D. Idukki

IV. Chenab

- (1) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV (2) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I (3) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II (4) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I

Ans. (3)

Sol. Bhakra over Satluj river, Pong over Beas river salal over chenab & Idduki over periyar river.

85. Which one of the following is correct regarding power sharing?

- (1) It leads to conflict among different social groups.
(2) It ensures the stability of the country.
(3) It undermines the unity of the nation.
(4) It creates hurdle in decision making process.

Ans. (3)

Sol. It ensures the stability of the country.

86. Which one of the following is the best example of coming together federation?

- (1) The U.S.A. (2) India (3) Spain (4) Belgium

Ans. (1)

Sol. The U.S.A.

87. Which of the following countries has community government?
 (1) Spain (2) Sri Lanka (3) Belgium (4) France
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Belgium Here all the ethnic community formed the community govt.
88. Which among the following is not the basis of social divisions in India?
 (1) Language (2) Health (3) Region (4) Caste
 Ans. (2)
 Sol. Language, caste and religion are the basis of social divisions.
89. The administrative head of Municipal Corporation is called :
 (1) Mayor (2) Deputy-Mayor
 (3) Municipal Commissioner (4) Sarpanch
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Political head of Municipal Corporation is Mayor but Administrative Head is Municipal Commissioner.
90. In democracy, power is finally concentrated in the hands of -
 (1) Bureaucrats (2) Parliament (3) Electorate (4) Council of Ministers
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. In democracy power is finally concentrated in the hands of electorate or (Voter).
91. Which of the following is considered life-line of democracy ?
 (1) Government (2) Constitution (3) Political Parties (4) Judiciary
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Political parties are considered as life line of democracy.
92. In which country, the political parties came into existence first ?
 (1) Britain (2) India (3) France (4) The U.S.A
 Ans. (1)
 Sol. After glorious revolution political parties came into existence in Britain.
93. Which of the following statements are not true?
 I. Employment in the service sector has not increased to the same extent as production.
 II. Workers in the tertiary sector produce goods.
 III. The activities in Primary, Secondary and Tertiary sectors are not interdependent.
 IV. A large proportion of labourers in India are working in Unorganised Sector
 (1) I and III (2) III, IV and V (3) I, II and V (4) II, III and IV
 Ans. (4)
 Sol. Workers of tertiary sector give services. Primary, secondary & tertiary sectors are interdependent & workers in unorganised sector do not enjoy job security.
94. Which one of the following is not a function of the central bank in an economy ?
 (1) Dealing with foreign exchange (2) Controlling monetary policy
 (3) Controlling government spending (4) Acting as a banker's bank
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Govt. spending is controlled by Parliament
95. If saving exceed investment then -
 (1) National income rises (2) National income falls
 (3) National income is not affected (4) None of the above
 Ans. (3)
 Sol. Saving is more than investment which will not affect present national income.
96. Which indicators are used in the Human Development Index (HDI)?
 I. Standard of living II. Education
 III. Life expectancy rate IV. Condition of environment
 (1) Only I, II and IV (2) Only I, II and III (3) Only I and II (4) All of the above
 Ans. (2)
 Sol. Condition of environment is not the indicator of human development index.

97. Which of the following statements are not true ?

I. COPRA applies only to goods.

II. India is one of the many countries in the world which has exclusive courts for consumer redressal.

III. When a consumer feels that he has been exploited, he must file a case in the District Consumer Court.

IV. It is worthwhile to move to consumer courts only if the damages incurred are of high value.

V. Hallmark is the certification maintained for standardisation of jewellery.

VI. The consumer redressal process is very simple and quick.

VII. A consumer has the right to get compensation depending on the degree of the damage.

(1) Only II, III, IV, V and VII

(2) Only I and VI

(3) Only I, II, V and VII

(4) All of the above

Ans. (1)

Sol. COPRA – Consumer Protection Act applies to goods & services.

98. Which of the following statements are true about globalisation ?

I. Developed countries have always been more benefitted from globalisation.

II. Globalisation has led to improvement in living condition of workers in the developing countries.

III. Globalisation is the process of rapid integration or interconnection between countries.

IV. Indian cement industries have been hit hard by globalisation.

V. To achieve the goal of fair globalisation, major roles can be played by MNCs.

(1) Only I, II, III and V

(2) Only I, II, III and IV

(3) Only III, IV and V

(4) Only I, II and III

Ans. (4)

Sol. Indian cement industry boosted due to globalisation.

99. In a SHG (self help group) most of the decisions regarding saving and loan activities are taken by -

(1) Bank

(2) Members

(3) State Government

(4) Chairperson of SHG

Ans. (2)

Sol. In SHG decisions regarding saving and loan activities are taken by its member only.

100. We can obtain per capita income of a country by calculating -

(1) Total income of a person.

(2) By dividing the national income by the total population of a country.

(3) The total value of all goods and services.

(4) Total exports of the country.

Ans. (2)

Sol. National Income and Total Population.
