## SOLUTIONS

Instructions for Q.No.51, 52 \& 53 The following five sentences come from a paragraph/dialogue. The first and last sentences are given below. Choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete it.
51. S1. Anju and her opponent got into the boxing ring.

S2. $\qquad$
S3. $\qquad$
S4. $\qquad$
S5. Then came the first blow from Anju.
P. The moment their eyes met, her opponent got frightened.
Q. So she looked away from Anju.
R. They looked straight into each others' eyes.

Choose from the
(A) POR
(B) RPQ
(C) QRP
(D) RQP

Ans. (B)
Sol. The most appropriate sequence to complete the given passage.
52. A1. Fill the punctured cycle tube with air.

S2. $\qquad$
S3. $\qquad$
S4. $\qquad$
S5. Stick the patch on the puncture.
P. Dip the tube in water.
Q. Mark the spot.
R. Observe the place from where the air is bubbling out.

Choose from the options below
(A) PRQ
(B) QRP
(C) PRQ
(D) QPR

Ans. (A \& C)
Sol. The most appropriate sequence to complete the given procedure.
3. 51. Good afternoon, Mr.Sharma.

S2. $\qquad$
S3. $\qquad$
S4. $\qquad$
S5. You're welcome, Vinod.
P. It helped me a lot sir.
Q. Good afternoon, Vinod.
R. Sir, I w'd like to thank you for the book that you gave me.
(A) QPR
(B) QRP
(C) POR
(D) PRQ

Ans. (B)
Sol. The most appropriate sequence to complete the given conversation.

Instructions for Q.No. 54 to Q.No. 56 The following questions have the second sentence missing. Choose the appropriate sentence from the given options to complete it.
54. 1. She narrowed her eyes.
2. $\qquad$
3. Finally she threaded the needle,
(A) She wanted to stitch.
(B) It was not a needle for injection.
(C) She never used spectacles to thread a needle.
(D) She looked through the eye of the needle.

Ans. (D)
Sol. The most appropriate sentence to complete the given procedure.
55. 1. I like the kite flying festival for several reasons.
2. $\qquad$
3. Secondly, a lot of people of my village gather at one place on this day.
(A) Firstly, International Kite festival is held in Ahmedabad, not in my village
(B) Moreover it is celebrated on 15 January in my village. Firstly, because the sky is decorated with kites on this day
(D) Secondly, my uncle makes kites on this day.

Ans. (C)
Sol. The most appropriate sentence to complete the given passage.
56. 1. Make small balls from the dough.
2. $\qquad$
3. Cook it on a tava and the roti is ready.
(A) Cut it into pieces.
(B) Put oil on them.
(C) Dip the balls in water and add salt.
(D) Roll them into thin circles.

Ans. (D)
Sol. The most appropriate sentence to complete the given procedure.

## Instructions for Q.No-57 to Q.No. 61

Choose the best option and fill in the blanks:
57. We tried a lot of hotels but $\qquad$ of them had any rooms.
(A) no
(B) many
(C) none
(D) every

Ans. (C)
Sol. TThe most appropriate pronoun to complete the given sentence.
58. The dog wagged $\qquad$ tail gently as I got inside.
(A) it
(B) it's
(C) hers
(D) its

Ans. (D)
Sol. The correct possessive adjective required in this sentence is 'its'.
59. The situation is $\qquad$ complicated to explain.
(A) to
(B) in
(C) too
(D) two

Ans. (C)
Sol. An adverb is required to complete the given sentence and hence 'too' is the correct option.
60. The mango trees in my school are very $\qquad$
(A) tallest
(B) tall
(C) more tall
(D) taller

Ans. (B)
Sol. A positive degree of adjective is required to complete the sentence here.
61. The president $\qquad$ tomorrow.
(A) arriving
(B) arrived
(C) arrive
(D) arrives

Ans. (D)
Sol. Simple present tense is also used to describe future events.

## Instruction for Q.No. 62 to Q. No. 66

Choose the correct meanings for the given idioms/phrases:
62. In black and white':
(A) writing
(B) detail
(C) in brief
(D) in contrast

Ans. (A)
Sol. The correct meaning of the given idiom.
63. 'out of blue':
(A) in the ocean
(B) happen unexpectedly.
(C) from the sky
(D) very obvious

Ans. (B)
Sol. The correct meaning of the given idiom.
64. 'With open arms':
(A) ready to give
(B) coldly
(C) warmly
(D) read to beg

Ans. (C)
Sol. The correct meaning of the given idiom.
65. 'to have eyes in back of one's head':
(A) to know everything hapening around
(B) to be able move the head
(C) to be able to see around
(D) to know about the other's secrets

Ans. (A)
Sol. The correct meaning of the given idiom.
66. Ins and outs' :
(A) entry and exit
(B) complete details
(C) no details
(D) going in and coming out

Ans. (B)
Sol. The correct meaning of the given idiom.

## Instruction for Q.No. 67 to Q. No. 70

Find out the alternatives which are most opposite in meaning to the words given.
67. Curse:
(A) punishment
(B) blessing
(C) stupid
(D) correct

Ans. (B)
Sol. The correct antonym of the given word.
68. legible
(A) good
(B) unclear
(C) untidy
(D) unable

Ans. (B)
Sol. The correct antonym of the given word.
69. Expand
(A) condense
(B) conclude
(C) stretch
(D) congest

Ans. (A)
Sol. The correct antonym of the given word.
70. Fresh
(A) faulty
(B) stale
(C) sour
(D) stale

Ans. (B)
Sol. The correct antonym of the given word.
Instruction for Q.No. 71 to Q. No. 73
Select the most appropriate options to fill in the blank from the following alternative given below.
71. Did you $\qquad$ the money today?
(A) brought
(B) to bring
(C) bring
(D) had brought

Ans. (C)
Sol. 'Did' takes root or first form of the verb.
72. Have you ever $\qquad$ to Canada?
(A) been
(B) have been
(C) be
(D) being

Ans. (A)
Sol. 'Have' is always followed by the third form of the verb.
73. $\qquad$ is you health?
(A) which
(B) how
(C) when
(D) who

Ans. (B)
Sol. The most appropriate question word to complete the given sentence.
Instruction for Q.No. 74 to Q. No. 76
Choose the most appropriate alternative which can be substituted for the sentence.
74. That which is realated to God and religion :
(A) Global
(B) Universal
(C) Temporal
(D) Spiritual

Ans. (D)
Sol. The correct one word for the given definition.
75. A group of stars which form a pattern :
(A) Rainbow
(B) Solar System
(C) Galaxy
(D) Constellation

Ans. (D)
Sol. The correct one word for the given definition.
76. One who knows everything :
(A) Knowledgeable
(B) Conversant
(C) Gullible
(D) Omniscient

Ans. (D)
Sol. The correct one word for the given definition.

In the following passage there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the balnks by selecting the most appropriate word from the options :

Doping is the use $\underline{77}$ drugs to try to $\underline{78}$ sports performance. This practice $\underline{79}$ banned by the sports federations $\underline{80}$ the world. Athletes need $\underline{81}$ know which substances are $\underline{82}$ in sports. Further more, they $\underline{83}$ make sure that any 84 or medication they take 85 contain a prohibited substance.
77
(B) or
(C) on
(D) by

Ans. (A)
Sol. The correct preposition that follows the 'use' to complete the sentence.
78. (A) improves
(B) improving
(C) improved
(D) improve

Ans. (D)
Sol. 'To' is always followed by root form of the verb, hence 'improve'.
79. (A) has
(B) been
(C) is
(D) had

Ans. (C)
Sol. General facts are written in simple present tense.
80. (A) throughout
(B) through
(C) for
(D) all

Ans. (A)
Sol. The most appropriate option.
81. (A) as
(B) then
(C) to
(D) than

Ans. (C)
Sol. The most appropriate preposition applicable.
82. (A) ban
(B) banning
(C) bans
(D) banned

Ans. (D)
Sol. It is a passive sentence, hence the third form of the verb will be used.
83. (A) must
(B) may
(C) can
(D) will

Ans. (A)
Sol. The most appropriate modal to express strong feeling.
84. (A) products
(B) produce
(C) product
(D) produced

Ans. (C)
Sol. 'Any' determiner is followed by singular noun form, hence 'product' is correct option.
85. (A) don't
(B) doesn't
(C) didn’t
(D) do not

Ans. (B)
Sol. According to the subject 'medication', this is the correct verb.

## Instructions for Q.No. 86 to Q.No. 90

## Read the passage and choose the best alternative for the questions given below :

Artists use colour to create patterns. Colours can also show different moods. Bright colours make us feel happy and energetic. Dark colours make us feel calm and sad.
The primary colours are red, yellow and blue. They are the colours that can be mixed together to make different colours. Mixing two primary colours makes a secondary colour. The secondary colours are orange, green and violet (purple). Orange is made by mixing red and yellow. Green is made by mixing yellow and blue. Violet is made by mixing red and blue. Intermediate colours can be made by mixing a primary and a secondary colour. Some intermediate colours are 'blue-violet' and 'red-orange'. Black, white and grey are special colours. They are called neutral colours.
Colours have been organized into a colour wheel. It shows the three primary, the three secondary and the six intermediate colours. Artists use the colour wheel. It helps them to choose the colour combination they want to use together.
86. Which colour make us feel that we have lot of energy.
(A) Bright colours
(B) Dark colours
(C) Dim colours
(D) White colours

Ans. (A)
Sol. As given in Para 1 of the passage.
87. How many colours are there in a colour wheel?
(A) 3
(B) 9
(C) 12
(D) 6

Ans. (C)
Sol. As given in Para 3 of the passage.
88. Orange-red is a $\qquad$ colour.
(A) secondary colour
(B) primary colour
(C) neutral colour
(D) Intermediate colour

Ans. (D)
Sol. As given in Para 2 of the passage.
89. Special colours are also called $\qquad$ -
(A) secondary colour
(B) primary colour
(C) neutral colour
(D) Intermediate colour

Ans. (B)
Sol. As given in the passage.
90. Colour wheel is a tool that helps the artists to $\qquad$ .
(A) know the different shades of colours.
(B) see all the colours at a place.
(C) choose the combination of colours.
(D) know about the primary, secondary and intermediate colours.

Ans. (C)
Sol. As given in the passage.

## Instructions for Q.No. 91 to Q.No.100:

## Read the passage and choose the best alternative for the questions given below :

Bees are very wise and busy little creatures. They live in a house called hive. There are three kinds of bees: workers, drones and queens. Each bee takes its proper place and does its own work. It is pleasant to see how busy they always are. Only one queen bee can live in its hive. She keeps busy laying eggs all day. Some go out and gather honey from the flowers; others stay at home and work inside the hive. But the drones do not work.
The bee hive is made of wax cells. The wax cells which they build are of the same size and shape. The cells are not round. They have six sides.
Bees have a painful sting that they use in their defense. They have their stingers the end of their abdomen. The drones do not have stingers. The bees use their sting when they think that their food is in danger. When the bees sense danger they can quickly gather together and attack. Once a bee stings, it dies.
91. How many queen bees lives in a hive?
(A) five
(B) two
(C) a group
(D) one

Ans. (D)
Sol. As given in the passage.
92. According to the author, hard work, is done by :
(A) all except the drones
(B) all the bees
(C) Only the drones
(D) only the queen bee

Ans. (A)
Sol. As given in the passage.
93. Eggs are laid by $\qquad$ _.
(A) the drones
(B) the work
(C) the queen
(D) all

Ans. (C)
Sol. As given in the passage.
94. The bee hive looks like a $\qquad$ .
(A) circle
(B) hexagon
(C) square
(D) triangle

Ans. (B)
Sol. As given in the passage.
95. The bees use their sting to :
(A) save their queen and food
(B) attack drone
(C) attack the queen
(D) all the above

Ans. (A)
Sol. As given in the passage.
96. What happens to the bee after it sting?
(A) it dances
(B) it drinks honey
(C) it dies
(D) it flies away

Ans. (C)
Sol. As given in the passage.
97. What is a bee house called?
(A) home
(B) hive
(C) cell
(D) nest

Ans. (B)
Sol. As given in the passage.
98. What does the bees do when they sense danger?
(A) to ther quickly and run away
(B) come together slowly
(C) attack and run away
(D) gather quickly and attack

Ans. (D)
Sol. As given in the passage.
99. The first paragraph is about :
(A) kinds of bee and their roles
(B) kinds of bee and their honey
(C) kinds of bees and their eating habits
(D) kinds of bees and their hives

Ans. (A)
Sol. According the passage.
100. The last paragraph is mainly about :
(A) the sting of a bee
(B) the stingers
(C) death of the bee
(D) the defense system of bee

Ans. (D)
Sol. According the passage.

