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## SOLUTIONS

**Direction (Q.1 to 5) :** Read the following passage and answer the question that follow :

Tea is an evergreen shrub. The word “evergreen” means that old leaves remain on the shrub, while new ones come out. There is no drying or falling of leaves as in the case of other trees and plants. In a wild state the plant grows to an enormous height ranging from twenty five to thirty feet. But under cultivation it is not allowed to grow higher than four or five feet. The growth upward is checked by pruning while this operation serves to increase the growth of leaves below. The leaves of plant are one to two inches in length. Their colour is green and shape is oval.

The tea plant grows best of all, in places where there is plenty of rain as well as sunshine. The cultivation was perhaps first made in China and hence, it is the real home of the plant. Now, however, it is abundantly grown in Japan, Sri Lanka, Assam and Darjiling in India. Tea does not grow in cold countries. Hence, there are no tea plantations in Europe, though it is a favourite beverage there.

1. The word 'evergreen' is-

- (1) Noun                                      (2) verb                                      (3) Adverb                                      (4) Adjective

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** 'Evergreen' modifies the noun 'shrub' and it is therefore an adjective.

2. What is the opposite of the word enormous-

- (1) huge                                      (2) giant                                      (3) tiny                                      (4) grand

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** Opposite of the word 'enormous' is tiny.

3. At first tea is grown in-

- (1) India                                      (2) China                                      (3) Sri Lanka                                      (4) Japan

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Given in the passage

4. Operation serves to increase the growth of the plant below is called

- (1) Cutting                                      (2) Trimming                                      (3) Pruning                                      (4) Sowing

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** given in the passage.

5. How high can a tea-plant grow in natural conditions

- (1) up to thirty feet                      (2) up to fifty feet                      (3) up to four feet                      (4) up to five feet

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** Given in the passage

6. The tea plant grows in places where there is plenty of

- (1) rain                                      (2) sunshine                                      (3) rain as well as sunshine                      (4) cold

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** Given in the passage

**Direction (Q.7 & 8) :** The following five sentences come from a paragraph. The first and last sentences are given; choose the order in which the three sentence (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

7. S1. Thomas Alva Edison was born in America-  
S2. \_\_\_\_\_  
S3. \_\_\_\_\_  
S4. \_\_\_\_\_

S5. In 1929 the Golden Jubille of the invention of the electric bulb was celebrated in a grand manner. The President of the U.S.A. received him and honoured him.

**P** On 4th September, 1882, for the first time New York shone in the brightness of electric light.

**Q.** He succeeded in making an electric bulb in 1879 after nearly one thousand and two hundred experiments.

**R.** On New year's Day, 1880 he and his workers put up electric light at his laboratory.

Choose from the options below-

- (1) PQR                                      (2) QRP                                      (3) RQP                                      (4) PRQ

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** QRP is the correct sequence as per the year mentioned in the sentences.

8. S1. Father- where are you going, shyam ?  
S2. \_\_\_\_\_  
S3. \_\_\_\_\_  
S4. \_\_\_\_\_

S5. Father- when will you be back from Rahul's house?

**P** Shyam- Yes, Dad i have

**Q.** Father- Have you finised your home work.

**R.** Shyam- I am going to Rahul's house. Dad.

Choose from the options below-

- (1) PQR                                      (2) QRP                                      (3) PRQ                                      (4) Rs

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** As per line sequence of conversation, RQP is the correct sequence.

**Direction : (Q. 59 & 60) :** The following question have the second sentence missing. Choose the appropriate sentence from the given option to complete it.

9. 1. A well dressed young man entered a big textile shop on evening.  
2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Who thought him rich and likely to make heavy purchases.

Choose from the options below-

- (1) He was shown the superior variety of sarces.  
(2) Where ready-made goods were being sold.  
(3) He was able to drow attention of the salesman.  
(4) But after casually examining them.

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** Relative pronoun 'who' refers to the salesman as given in option '3'.

10. 1. I am sure that he has recovered from his illness  
2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Us to the picnic spot.

Choose from the options below :

- (1) and that he will be accompanied                                      (2) and that he will accompany  
(3) but he will accompany    (4) although he will accompany

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** In option (2) and is used as a connector to join tghe sentences.

**Direction (Q.11 & 20) :** Read the passage and fill in the blanks with suitable options.

We arrived \_\_61\_\_ Delhi station \_\_62\_\_ 9 p.m. sharp to catch the train \_\_63\_\_ Bhopal. The first thing we learnt \_\_64\_\_ our arrival was that our train was late only \_\_65\_\_ two hours! We were carrying \_\_66\_\_ our own two small suitcases, a laptop and a heavy carton full \_\_67\_\_ printed material to be distributed \_\_68\_\_ the workshop. The coolie deposited us \_\_69\_\_ the first class waiting room and promised to come \_\_70\_\_ the arrival of the train.

**11.** (1) on (2) at (3) in (4) to

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** At is used as a preposition before place.

**12.** (1) at (2) by (3) on (4) to

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** Preposition at is used before time.

**13.** (1) from (2) for (3) on (4) to

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Preposition for is the most suitable answer

**14.** (1) by (2) on (3) with (4) at

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Preposition 'on' is the most suitable answer

**15.** (1) by (2) with (3) for (4) since

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** Preposition 'by' is the most suitable answer

**16.** (1) beside (2) besides (3) with (4) on

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Preposition 'besides' means other than is the most appropriate answer.

**17.** (1) on (2) off (3) in (4) of

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** This preposition is the most appropriate answer

**18.** (1) in (2) at (3) on (4) for

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** This preposition is the most appropriate answer

**19.** (1) in (2) under (3) outside (4) inside

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** This preposition is the most appropriate answer

**20.** (1) after (2) before (3) on (4) by

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** This preposition is the most appropriate answer

**Direction (Q.21 to 25) :** Choose the most appropriate word which fills the blanks from the four options given below-

**21.** Soft minded individuals are.....to embrace all kinds of superstitions.

(1) eager (2) reluctant (3) prone (4) disposed

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** 'Prone' means inclined to

**22.** A light breeze ..... the forest fire and made it more dangerous.

(1) lit (2) fanned (3) ignited (4) blew

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Fanned' means to cause a current of air/to stir

**23.** The city of Delhi was .....by thousands of multi-coloured lights at night on independence day.  
(1) decorated (2) garnished (3) illuminated (4) brightened

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** Illuminated means decorated

**24.** The doctor ..... the young man to give up smoking.

- (1) ordered (2) advised (3) allowed (4) suggested

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** 'Advised' is the most appropriate answer

**25.** The accused.....to the judge for mercy.

- (1) applied (2) asked (3) demanded (4) appealed

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** 'Appealed' is the most appropriate answer.

**Select the word which means the opposite of the given word-**

**26.** Modest-

- (1) simple (2) timid (3) arrogant (4) civilized

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** Antonym / opposite of modest is arrogant as 'modest' means humble while arrogant means proud.

**27.** Tremendous-

- (1) minute (2) massive (3) mega (4) mighty

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** Tremendous - means very great in amount, scale or intensity & its antonym is 'minute'

**28.** Urban-

- (1) Villager (2) local (3) refined (4) rural

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** Urban refers to cities, towns & suburbs while rural refers to countryside.

**29.** Transparent-

- (1) opaque (2) coloured (3) childlike (4) imminent

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** Transparent means clear & through which things behind can be distinctly seen while opaque means not able to be seen through.

**30-39 In the following passage there are some numbered blanks, Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word from the options given below-**

**Books are by far the 80 lasting product of 81 efforts. Temple crumbled into ruin, statues decay, but books 82. Time does not destroy the 83 thoughts which are as fresh today 84 they first passed through the 85 mind. Books introduce us into the best society. A man with money and 86 books is a poor man.**

**Money spent on book is never 87. It is a 88 to read good books. Thus man gains both efficiency and 89.**

**30.** (1) much (2) some (3) many (4) most

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.**

**31.** (1) person (2) human (3) people (4) man

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.**

**32.** (1) continue (2) survive (3) alive (4) destroy

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.**

- 33.** (1) great (2) better (3) best (4) pure  
**Ans.** (1)  
**Sol.**
- 34.** (1) how (2) whenever (3) where (4) when  
**Ans.** (4)  
**Sol.**
- 35.** (1) poet's (2) author's (3) narrator's (4) dramatist's  
**Ans.** (2)  
**Sol.**
- 36.** (1) some (2) few (3) without (4) with  
**Ans.** (3)  
**Sol.**
- 37.** (1) recovered (2) wasted (3) justified (4) withdrawn  
**Ans.** (2)  
**Sol.**
- 38.** (1) pleasure (2) addiction (3) blessing (4) obsession  
**Ans.** (1)  
**Sol.**
- 39.** (1) power (2) ability (3) wisdom (4) literay  
**Ans.** (3)  
**Sol.**

**40-44 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks from the given alternative.**

- 40.** It is an odl machine. It may.....any moment.  
 (1) break up (2) break down (3) break out (4) break into  
**Ans.** (2)  
**Sol.** 'break down' means. 'suddenly stop to work.'
- 41.** An employment advertisement should.....the number of vacancise.  
 (1) provide (2) specify (3) contain (4) declare  
**Ans.** (2)  
**Sol.** Specify is the most appropriate answer.
- 42.** The next plane for London will.....at 5 O'Clock in the evening.  
 (1) take off (2) take in (3) take after (4) take down  
**Ans.** (1)  
**Sol.** 'take off' means to depart
- 43.** When you reach Mussoorie, it.....snowing there.  
 (1) was (2) is (3) shall be (4) will be  
**Ans.** (4)  
**Sol.** fntuse continuous teuse is used for showing the future event which will be going on at some particular time is the future.
- 44.** While strolling on Janpath, I chanced to meet.....European.  
 (1) an (2) the (3) a (4) one  
**Ans.** (3)  
**Sol.** Indefinite article 'a' is used before european due to consonant sound.

**45-48 Select the meaning of the given pharses/idioms-**

**45.** Blow one's own trumpet-

- (1) to feel happy                      (2) to creater music                      (3) to praise someone                      (4) to praise one self

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

**46.** Pick holes in-

- (1) to cut                      (2) to quarrel                      (3) to find fault                      (4) to destroy

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

**47.** A white Elephant-

- (1) A costly but useless thing                      (2) A costly but useful thing  
(3) A costly thing                      (4) An elephant with white skin

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

**48.** Hold up-

- (1) to raise                      (2) delay                      (3) distribute                      (4) difficulties

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

**49-50 Choose the correct option-**

**49.** One who looks at the bright side of things-

- (1) passimist                      (2) feminist                      (3) optimist                      (4) fatalist

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

**50.** A person who is unable to pay debts-

- (1) bachelor                      (2) bankrupt                      (3) absoconder                      (4) atheist

**Ans.** (2)

**Sol.** is the most appropriate answer.

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